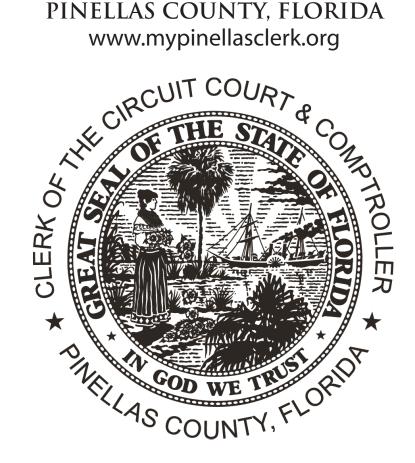
KEN BURKE, C.P.A.

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT AND COMPTROLLER PINELLAS COUNTY, FLORIDA



Package 8(a) PACKAGE FEE: \$24.30

PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF **MARRIAGE** WITH NO MINOR CHILDREN

Please contact the Clerk's Office at (727) 464-7000 or visit us online at www.mypinellasclerk.org for additional information.

PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH NO MINOR CHILDREN

FILING FEE:	\$408.00
SUMMONS ISSUANCE FEE:	\$10.00 per summons
COPIES REQUIRED:	Originals to the Clerk. 1 Set of copies for service. 1 Set of copies for your records.
ADDITIONAL COSTS:	\$3.50 per Acknowledgement (If you do not have your signature notarized in the required spaces prior to filing, the Deputy Clerk can do this for you. Please DO NOT SIGN until a notary or Deputy Clerk instructs you to do so.)
SERVICE FEE:	You must contact a private process server, or persons allowed to do service, in the county where service is to be done to obtain their service fees. You

can get a list of local process servers from the sheriff by accessing a link

through our website at www.MyPinellasClerk.org



SELF HELP CENTER

The Self Help Centers are the result of a collaborative effort between the Clerk's Office, the Sixth Judicial Circuit, the Community Law Program and the Clearwater Bar Association.

The purpose of the Clerk's Legal Self Help Centers is to assist citizens representing themselves in court (sometimes referred to as pro se persons) who do NOT have a private attorney. Citizens who represent themselves in court and do not already have a private attorney representing them, can now get affordable legal assistance.

OUR SERVICES INCLUDE:

- Schedule an appointment to consult with an attorney for a minimum of \$15.00*
 (Attorneys may assist with Family Law, Small Claims and Landlord/Tenant matters ONLY.)
- Purchase forms and packets for the civil court actions listed above
- Have documents notarized
- Make copies

Open Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. until 4:30 p.m.:

• The Clearwater Self Help Center

The New Courthouse 315 Court Street Clearwater, FL 33756 Phone: (727) 464-5150 Fax: (727) 453-3423

The St. Petersburg Self Help Center

The St. Petersburg Judicial Building 545 First Avenue North, Room 103 St Petersburg, FL 33701 Phone: (727) 582-7941 Fax: (727) 582-7945

• The North County Branch Self Help Center

29582 U.S. 19 North Clearwater, FL 33761 Phone: (727) 464-5150 Fax: (727) 453-3423

- o Appointments may be scheduled for Wednesday, Thursday and/or Friday.
- o A Spanish interpreter provided by the Hispanic Outreach Center is available by appointment at the Clearwater location
- Appointments may be scheduled for Monday, Wednesday, and/or Friday.
- o Attorney appointments may be scheduled for Tuesday **only** at this office.

Self Help Center Now Offering Online Scheduling of attorney consultation appointments for prose litigants that do not already have an attorney. To schedule an appointment online using a credit card, please visit www.mypinellasclerk.org and click on the SELF HELP CENTER link in the top menu.

*Attorney appointments may only be scheduled for a minimum of 15 minutes to a maximum of one hour. All appointments must be scheduled in 15-minute increments, i.e., 15, 30, 45 or 60 minutes at a rate of \$1 (one dollar) per minute, therefore payments will be \$15, \$30, \$45 or \$60 accordingly.

Attorney consultation fees must be paid when the appointment time is scheduled. Payments must be by cash, check, money order or credit card. Refunds will not be issued for missed appointments.

CASE PROGRESSION CHECKLIST DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY BUT NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN) –and— WITHOUT DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN) OR PROPERTY

This checklist has been prepared to assist you with the necessary procedure for bringing your case to final hearing. This checklist lists the minimum requirements and, even though fairly specific, may not be all-inclusive for every case. It is not intended, and should not be substituted for proper legal advice from an attorney. You should, however, find that making sure all necessary steps noted below are followed would reduce procedural difficulties and time delays.

I. INITIAL FILING

A. Required Forms Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with Property But No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) – Form 12.901(b)(2) -OR-Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) or Property – Form 12.901(b)(3) Civil Cover Sheet (local requirement) Notice of Social Security Number – Form 12.902(j) ____ Notice of Related Cases - Form 12.900(h) Supplemental Information Regarding Parties (local requirement) Financial Affidavit – Form 12.902(b) or 12.902(c). This must be filed within 45 days of service of petition on the Respondent, if not filed at time of the petition. (Financial Affidavit cannot be waived) Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure – Form 12.932. (This must be filed within 45 days of service of the petition on the Respondent, if not filed at the time of the petition) -OR-Waiver of Mandatory Disclosure signed by both parties (cannot waive Financial Affidavit) Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) – Form 12.902(f)(2), if you and your spouse have reached an agreement on any or all of the issues. Requires both signatures, notarized.

Affidavit of Corroborating Witness – Form 12.902(i), or photocopy of current Florida driver's license, Florida identification card or voter's registration card (issued date of copied document must be at least six months before date case is actually filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court)

	Disclosure from Non-Lawyer (This form is used when someone other than a Lawyer or Paralegal assists you with completing your documents)
	Summons: Personal Service on an Individual - Form 12.910(a)
	Process Service Memorandum - Form 12.910(b)
	Legal Description to any real property owned (together or individually)
В.	Required Fees
	Filing fee paid or waiver granted by Clerk or Court
	Fees for process service paid directly to a Process Server. The cost for service is set by the process server, the filing party must obtain service procedures including fees from the process server. A complete list of Pinellas County process servers can be obtained online at www.MyPinellasClerk.org
II.	SERVICE OF PROCESS
A.	Personal Service
	Summons returned "served" and filed by Clerk – Form 12.910(a)
	After 20 days have passed from the day Respondent was served, check to see whether Respondent filed an answer or any paper within the 20 day period. If yes, you may check this item
	(If both checked, skip to Section III; if no answer filed, go to "B")
	Summons returned "not served" and filed by Clerk – Form 12.910(a)
	Request Clerk issue an alias summons, if address is known
	(If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case.)
	Constructive service also known as "service by publication." This can be used only if you do not know where the other party is. This can be a very complicated area of the law.
	Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry – Form 12.913(b)
	Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage – Form 12.913(a)(1)
	If constructive service is used, other than granting a dissolution, the court may grant only limited relief. This is a complicated area of the law and you may wish to consult with an

attorney before using constructive service.

B. Default
Respondent failed to answer or file any paper after service
Motion for Default filed with Clerk – Form 12.922(a) (no sooner than 20 days after date of Service), Default entered by Clerk – Form 12.922(b), And Affidavit of Military Service – Form 12.912(b)
Respondent filed a form but not an <u>answer</u> you will need to motion the court to enter default and set a hearing on your motion.
Only now is the case potentially ready for setting trial/final hearing.
III. SETTING A HEARING
After Answer is filed or Clerk enters default:
Call Family Law at (727)582-7200 to request final hearing. Your court records will be checked for completeness and you will either be given a court calendar date or you will be given further instructions for setting your final hearing. If the other party filed a counter-petition you are required to respond.
Depending upon which Judge your case is assigned to, you may be required to prepare the Notice of Hearing. The original Notice of Hearing will be filed with the Clerk's Office. You will need to provide a copy to the other party. The copy must be received no later than 5 days prior to the hearing.
If you do not properly complete this step, your hearing could be delayed.
Please make arrangements for child care if applicable. Children are not allowed to attend without prior Order, per Fla.Fam.L.R.P. 12.407

FAMILY LAW FORMS, COMMENTARY, AND INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS (02/18)

You should read this General Information thoroughly before taking any other steps to file your case or represent yourself in court. Most of this information is not repeated in the attached forms. This information should provide you with an overview of the court system, its participants, and its processes. It should be useful whether you want to represent yourself in a pending matter or have a better understanding of the way family court works. This is not intended as a substitute for legal advice from an attorney. Each case has its own particular set of circumstances, and an attorney may advise you of what is best for you in your individual situation.

These instructions are not the only place that you can get information about how a family case works. You may want to look at other books for more help. The Florida Statutes, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and other legal information or books may be found at the public library or in a law library at your county courthouse or a law school in your area. If you are filing a petition for **Name Change** and/or **Adoption**, these instructions may not apply.

If the word(s) is printed in **bold**, this means that the word is being emphasized. Throughout these instructions, you will also find words printed in **bold** and **underlined**. This means that the definitions of these words may be found in the glossary of common family law terms at the end of this general information section.

Commentary

1995 Adoption. To help the many people in family law court cases who do not have attorneys to represent them (pro se litigants), the Florida Supreme Court added these simplified forms and directions to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. The directions refer to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Many of the forms were adapted from the forms accompanying the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Practitioners should refer to the committee notes for those forms for rule history.

The forms were adopted by the Court pursuant to Family Law Rules of Procedure, 667 So. 2d 202 (Fla. 1995); In re Petition for Approval of Forms Pursuant to Rule 10-1.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Stepparent Adoption Forms, 613 So. 2d 900 (Fla. 1992); Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Approval of Forms, 581 So. 2d 902 (Fla. 1991).

Although the forms are part of these rules, they are not all inclusive and additional forms, as necessary, should be taken from the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure as provided in Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. Also, the following notice has been included to strongly encourage individuals to seek the advice, when needed, of an attorney who is a member in good standing of the Florida Bar.

1997 Amendment. In 1997, the Florida Family Law Forms were completely revised to simplify and correct the forms. Additionally, the appendices were eliminated, the instructions contained in the appendices were incorporated into the forms, and the introduction following the Notice to Parties was created. Minor changes were also made to the Notice to Parties set forth below.

NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS A MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING OF THE FLORIDA BAR

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, instructions, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. If you do not know an attorney, you should call the lawyer referral service listed in the yellow pages of the telephone book under "Attorney." If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you should call the legal aid office in your area.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms or instructions be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages resulting from their use.

FAMILY LAW PROCEDURES

Communication with the court. Ex parte communication is communication with the judge with only one party present. Judges are not allowed to engage in ex parte communication except in very limited circumstances, so, absent specific authorization to the contrary, you should not try to speak with or write to the judge in your case unless the other party is present or has been properly notified. If you have something you need to tell the judge, you must ask for a hearing and give notice to the other party or file a written statement in the court file and send a copy of the written statement to the other party.

Filing a case. A case begins with the filing of a <u>petition</u>. A petition is a written request to the court for some type of legal action. The person who originally asks for legal action is called the <u>petitioner</u> and remains the petitioner throughout the case.

A petition is given to the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, whose office is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse. A case number is assigned and an official court file is opened. Delivering the petition to the clerk's office is called <u>filing</u> a case. A <u>filing fee</u> is usually required.

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file a petition or other pleadings, motions, and documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your petition electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the circuit within which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

<u>Service of the original petition or supplemental petition</u>. When one party files a <u>petition</u>, <u>motion</u>, or other <u>pleading</u>, the other party must be "served" with a copy of the document. This means that the other party is given proper notice of the pending action(s) and any scheduled hearings. The person

against whom the original legal action is being requested is called the **respondent**, because he or she is expected to respond to the petition. The respondent remains the respondent throughout the case.

<u>Personal service</u> of the petition and summons on the respondent by a deputy sheriff or private process server is required in all <u>original petitions</u> and <u>supplemental petitions</u>, unless <u>constructive service</u> is permitted by law. Personal service may also be required in other actions by some judges.

Constructive Service. If you absolutely do not know where the other party to your case lives or if the other party resides in another state, you may be able to use constructive service; however, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief, which cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on constructive service, see Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c). Additionally, if the other party is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

Forms for service of process are included in the Florida Family Law Forms, along with more detailed instructions and information regarding service. The instructions to those forms should be read **carefully** to ensure that you have properly served the other party. **If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.**

Subsequent Service. Other than the original or supplemental petitions, any time you file additional pleadings or motions in your case, you must provide a copy to the other party and include a <u>certificate</u> <u>of service</u>. Likewise, the other party must provide you with copies of everything that he or she files. If the other party is represented by an attorney, you should serve the attorney unless service upon the other party is required by the court.

Electronic Service. After the initial service of process of the petitioner or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

<u>Default</u>. After being served with a petition or <u>counterpetition</u>, the other party has 20 days to file a response. If a response to a petition is not filed, the petitioner may file a <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk. This means that you may proceed with your case and set a <u>final hearing</u>, and a <u>judge</u> will make a decision, even if the other party will not cooperate. For more information, see rule 12.080(c), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

<u>Answer</u> and Counterpetition. After being served, the respondent has 20 days to file an answer admitting or denying each of the allegations contained in the petition. In addition to an answer, the respondent may also file a counterpetition. In a counterpetition, the respondent may request the same or some other relief or action not requested by the petitioner. If the respondent files a counterpetition, the petitioner should then file an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d), and either admit or deny the allegations in the respondent's counterpetition.

Mandatory disclosure. Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires each party in a dissolution of marriage to exchange certain information and documents, and file a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Failure to make this required disclosure within the time required by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure may allow the court to dismiss the case or to refuse to consider the pleadings of the party failing to comply. This requirement also must be met in other family law cases, except adoptions, simplified dissolutions of marriage, enforcement proceedings, contempt proceedings, and proceedings for injunctions for domestic or repeat violence. The Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, lists the documents that must be given to the other party. For more information see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, and the instructions to the Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932.

Parenting Plan. If your case involves minor or dependent child(ren), a **Parenting Plan** shall be approved or established by the court. **Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form, 12.995(a), **Safety-Focused Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b), or **Relocation/Long Distance Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(c). The Parenting Plan shall be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by a court.

If the parents cannot agree, or if the agreed Parenting Plan is not approved, the court must establish a Parenting Plan. The Parenting Plan shall contain a time-sharing schedule and should address the issues regarding the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being.

Setting a hearing or trial. Generally, the court will have hearings on motions, final hearings on uncontested or default cases, and trials on contested cases. Before setting your case for final hearing or trial, certain requirements such as completing mandatory disclosure and filing certain papers and having them served on the other party must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular jurisdiction. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing.

Next, you must obtain a hearing or trial date so that the court may consider your request. You should ask the clerk of court, or <u>family law intake staff</u> about the local procedure for setting a hearing or trial, which you should attend. These family law forms contain <u>orders</u> and <u>final judgments</u>, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court or family law intake staff if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

The shaded areas below explain different parts of family law forms. Although each form you use may not contain each part explained below, all forms contain a case style which identifies the judicial circuit and county in Florida in which the case is filed, the division within that circuit to which the case is assigned, the parties in the case, and the number of the case. Some, but not all, forms require that the person signing the form state under oath that what he or she claims in the form is true; those particular forms must be signed in the presence of either a deputy clerk of the court or a notary public who witnesses your signature before notarizing the form. Most forms contain a nonlawyer clause which requests certain information be provided by any person who is not licensed to practice law in the State of Florida who has helped you to complete the form.

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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		tions on how to fill in the blank. Please follow all
instructions which ask for specific inf	formation. O	ften these instructions appear in italics.
IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE _	(1)	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	(2)	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:(3)
		Division: (4)
(5) ,		
Petitioner,		
and		
(6)		
Respondent.		

- **Line 1** The clerk of court can tell you the number of your judicial circuit. Type or print it here.
- **Line 2** Type or print your county name on line (2).
- **Line 3** If you are filing an initial petition or pleading, the Clerk of the Court will assign a case number after the case is filed. You should type or print this case number on all papers you file in this case.
- **Line 4** The clerk of the court can tell you the name of the division in which your case is being filed, and you should type or print it here. Divisions vary from court to court. For example, your case may be filed in the civil division, the family division, or the juvenile division.
- **Line 5** Type or print the legal name of the person who originally filed the case on line 5. This person is the petitioner because he/she is the one who filed the original petition.
- **Line 6** Type or print the other party's legal name on line 6. The other party is the respondent because he/she is responding to the petition.

Some forms require that your signature be witnessed. If so, you must sign the form in the presence of a **notary public** or deputy clerk (employee of the clerk of the court's office). When signing the form, you must have a valid photo identification unless the notary knows you personally. You should completely fill in all lines (1 & 3–8) except 2 with the requested information, if applicable. **Line 2, the signature line,**

must be signed in the presence of the <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>.DO NOT SIGN OR FILL IN THE PART OF THE FORM WHICH ASKS FOR THE NOTARY'S OR CLERK'S SIGNATURE. This section of the form is to be completed by either the deputy clerk or the notary public who is witnessing your signature.

	under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this vingly making a false statement includes fines and/or
Dated: <u>(1)</u>	
(2)	(2)
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	(3) Address:
(4)	Address.
(4)	City, State, Zip: (5)
	Telephone Number:(6)
	Fax Number: (7)
	Designated E-mail Address(es): (8)
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
Sworn to or annined and signed before the on	Uy
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or
	clerk.}
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	

<u>Non-lawyer Clause</u>. The section below should be completed by anyone who helps you fill out these forms but is **not** an attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar, which means that he or she is not licensed to practice law in Florida.

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

[fill in **all** blanks] This form was prepared for the: {either Petitioner or Respondent; or Husband or Wife} This form was completed with the assistance of:

{name of individual}	(1)	,
{name of business}	(2)	,
{address}	(3)	,
{city} (4)	,{state} <u>(5)</u>	, {zip code} (6) ,{telephone number} (7) .

Line 1 The <u>nonlawyer</u> who helps you should type or print his or her name on line 1.

Lines 2–7 The nonlawyer's business name, address, (including street, city, state, zip code, and telephone number) should be typed or printed on lines 2–7.

In addition, a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), should be completed if a nonlawyer assists you. The disclosure is available as a family law form and should be completed before the nonlawyer helps you. This is to be sure that you understand the role and limitations of a nonlawyer. You and the nonlawyer should keep a copy of this disclosure for your records.

FAMILY LAW GLOSSARY OF COMMON TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Note: The following definitions are intended to be helpful, BUT they are not intended to constitute legal advice or address every possible meaning of the term(s) contained in this glossary.

Affidavit - a written statement in which the facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

Alimony-spousal support which may be ordered by the court in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage. Types of alimony include: bridge-the-gap, durational, rehabilitative, or retroactive, and may be either temporary or permanent. The court may order periodic payments, payments in lump sum, or both. In determining whether to award alimony, the court must determine whether either party has an actual need for alimony and whether the other party has the ability to pay. The court must consider the factors set forth in section 61.08, Florida Statutes, and must make certain written findings. An alimony award may not leave the paying party with significantly less net income than that of the receiving party without written findings of exceptional circumstances.

Answer - written response by a respondent that states whether he or she admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) the allegations in the petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

Appeal - asking a district court of appeal to review the decision in your case. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

Asset - everything owned by you or your spouse, including property, cars, furniture, bank accounts, jewelry, life insurance policies, businesses, or retirement plans. An asset may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Attorney - a person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and licensed to practice law in Florida. An attorney is the only person who is allowed to give you legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court, or just advise you of your rights before you file your own case. In addition to advising you of your rights, an attorney may tell you what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. However, legal assistance is often available for those who are unable to hire a private attorney. You may consult the yellow pages of the telephone directory for a listing of legal aid or lawyer referral services in your area, or ask your local clerk of court or family law intake staff what services are available in your area. You may also obtain information from the Florida Supreme Court's Internet site located at http://www.flcourts.org.

Bond - money paid to the clerk of court by one party in a case, to be held and paid to an enjoined party in the event that the first party causes loss or damage of property as a result of wrongfully enjoining the other party.

Beneficiary Designation-Florida law provides that a beneficiary designation made by or on behalf of a party providing for the payment or transference of an asset or benefit upon his or her death to the other spouse is void when the final judgment dissolving or declaring a marriage invalid is signed, unless the final judgment specifically states otherwise. Federal law and other statutory provisions may also apply. This includes, but is not limited to, such assets as life insurance policies, annuities, employee benefit plans, individual retirement accounts, and payable-on-death accounts. Whether or not to continue a beneficiary designation is a complex area of the law and you may wish to consult with an attorney.

Bridge-the-Gap Alimony-spousal support which is ordered to assist a party to make the transition from being married to being single. Bridge-the-Gap alimony is designed to assist a party with legitimate, identifiable short-time needs; its length cannot exceed two years and it cannot be modified.

Central Depository-the office of the clerk of court that is responsible for collecting and disbursing court ordered alimony and child support payments. The depository also keeps payment records and files judgments if support is not paid.

Certificate of Service - a document that must be filed whenever a form you are using does not contain a statement for you to fill in showing to whom you are sending copies of the form. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914 is the certificate of service form and contains additional instructions.

Certified Copy - a copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

Certified Mail - mail which requires the receiving party to sign as proof that they received it.

Child Support - money paid from one parent to the other for the benefit of their dependent or minor child(ren).

Clerk of the Circuit Court - elected official in whose office papers are filed, a case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

Concurrent Custody-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) means that an eligible extended family member is awarded custodial rights to care for a child or children concurrently with the child(ren)'s parent or parents.

Constructive Service - notification of the other party by newspaper publication or posting of notice at designated places when the other party cannot be located for personal service. You may also be able to use constructive service when the other party lives in another state. Constructive service is also called "service by publication." However, when constructive service is used, the relief the Court may grant is limited; that relief cannot include either alimony or child support. For more information on service, see the instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Forms 12.913(a)(1) and (2).

Contested Issues - any or all issues upon which the parties are unable to agree and which must be resolved by the judge at a hearing or trial.

Contingent Asset - an asset that you **may** receive or get later, such as income, tax refund, accrued vacation or sick leave, a bonus, or an inheritance.

Contingent Liability - a liability that you **may** owe later, such as payments for lawsuits, unpaid taxes, or debts that you have agreed or guaranteed to pay if someone else does not.

Counterpetition - a written request to the court for legal action, which is filed by a respondent after being served with a petition.

Custody Order – a judgment or order incorporating a Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980.

Default - a failure of a party to respond to the pleading of another party. This failure to respond may allow the court to decide the case without input from the party who did not appear or respond.

Delinquent - late.

Dependent Child(ren) - child(ren) who depend on their parent(s) for support either because they are under the age of 18, have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves, or are in high school, between the ages of 18 and 19, and performing in good faith with a reasonable expectation of graduation before the age of 19.

Deputy Clerk - an employee of the office of the clerk of court, which is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse.

Dissolution of Marriage - divorce; a court action to end a marriage.

Durational Alimony-spousal support which is ordered to provide economic assistance for a set period of time following a marriage of short or moderate duration or following a marriage of long duration if there is no ongoing need for support on a permanent basis. Durational alimony terminates upon the death of either party or upon remarriage of the party receiving support. It may be modified or terminated, but cannot exceed the length of a marriage.

Electronic Communication – Contact, other than face-to-face contact, facilitated by tools such as telephones, electronic mail or email, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies, or other means of communication to supplement fact-to face contact between a parent and that parent's minor child.

Enjoined - prohibited by the court from doing a specific act.

Ex Parte - communication with the judge by only one party. In order for a judge to speak with either party, the other party must have been properly notified and have an opportunity to be heard. If you have something you wish to tell the judge, you should ask for a hearing or file information in the clerk of court's office, with certification that a copy was sent to the other party.

Extended Family Member-(for the purposes of a petition filed pursuant to chapter 751, Florida Statutes) is a person who is either:

- 1) A relative of a minor child within the third degree by blood or marriage to the parent; OR
- 2) The stepparent of a minor child if the stepparent is currently married to the parent of the child and is not a party in a pending dissolution, separate maintenance, domestic violence, or other civil or criminal proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction involving one or both of the child's parents as an adverse party.

Family Law Intake Staff - a court's employee(s) who is (are) available to assist you in filing a family law case. Family law intake staff are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice. They may only assist you with filling out the form(s). Your local clerk's office can tell you if your county has such assistance available.

Filing - delivering a petition, response, motion, or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

Filing Fee - an amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case. If you cannot afford to pay the fee, you must file an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, to ask the clerk to file your case without payment of the fee. This form can be obtained from the clerk's office.

Final Hearing - trial in your case.

Financial Affidavit - a sworn statement that contains information regarding your income, expenses, assets, and liabilities.

Final Judgment - a written document signed by a judge and recorded in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision in your case.

Guardian ad Litem - a neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate your child's situation, and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of your child(ren). Guardians do not "work for" either party. The guardian may interview the parties, visit their homes,

visit the child(ren)'s school(s) and speak with teachers, or use other resources to make their recommendation.

Hearing - a legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general magistrate or hearing officer) on a motion.

Health Insurance-coverage under a fee-for-service arrangement, health care maintenance organization, or preferred provider organization, and other types of coverage available to either parent, under which medical services could be provided to a minor or dependent child.

Judge - an elected official who is responsible for deciding matters on which you and the other parties in your case are unable to agree. A judge is a neutral person who is responsible for ensuring that your case is resolved in a manner which is fair, equitable, and legal. A judge is prohibited by law from giving you or the other party any legal advice, recommendations, or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented, or at a properly scheduled hearing.

Judicial Assistant - the judge's personal staff assistant.

Liabilities - everything owed by you or your spouse, including mortgages, credit cards, or car loans. A liability may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Lump Sum Alimony - money ordered to be paid by one spouse to another in a limited number of payments, often a single payment.

Mandatory Disclosure - items that must be disclosed by both parties except those exempted from disclosure by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285.

Marital Asset - generally, anything that you and/or your spouse acquired or received (by gift or purchase) during the marriage. For example, something you owned before your marriage **may** be nonmarital. An asset may only be determined to be marital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Marital Liability - generally, any debt that you and/or your spouse incurred during the marriage. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Mediator - a person who is trained and certified to assist parties in reaching an agreement before going to court. Mediators do not take either party's side and are not allowed to give legal advice. They are only responsible for helping the parties reach an agreement and putting that agreement into writing. In some areas, mediation of certain family law cases may be required before going to court.

Modification - a change made by the court in an order or final judgment.

Motion - a request made to the court, other than a petition.

No Contact - a court order directing a party not speak to, call, send mail to, visit, or go near his or her spouse, ex-spouse, child(ren), or other family member.

Nonlawyer - a person who is not a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.

Nonmarital Asset - generally, anything owned separately by you or your spouse. An asset may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonmarital Liability - generally, any debt that you or your spouse incurred before your marriage or since your separation. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonparty - a person who is not the petitioner or respondent in a court case.

Notary Public - a person authorized to witness signatures on court related forms.

Obligee - a person to whom money, such as child support or alimony, is owed.

Obligor - a person who is ordered by the court to pay money, such as child support or alimony.

Order - a written decision, signed by a judge and filed in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision on part of your case, usually on a motion.

Original Petition - see Petition.

Parenting Course - a class that teaches parents how to help their child(ren) cope with divorce and other family issues.

Parenting Plan — a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to the decisions that must be made regarding the minor child(ren). The Parenting Plan must contain a time-sharing schedule for the parents and child(ren) and shall address the issues concerning the minor child(ren). The issues concerning the minor child(ren) may include, but are not limited to, the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being. In creating the Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. The Parenting Plan must be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by the court. If the parents cannot agree to a Parenting Plan, or if the parents agreed to a plan that is not approved by the court, a Parenting Plan will be established by the court with or without the use of parenting plan recommendations.

Parenting Plan Recommendation – A nonbinding recommendation concerning one or more elements of a Parenting Plan made by a court-appointed mental health practitioner or other professional designated pursuant to either section 61.20 or 61.401, Florida Statutes, or Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.363.

Party - a person involved in a court case, either as a petitioner or respondent.

Paternity Action - A lawsuit used to determine whether a designated individual is the father of a specific child or children.

Payor - an employer or other person who provides income to an obligor.

Permanent Alimony - spousal support ordered to provide for the needs and necessities of life as they were established during the marriage for a party who lacks the financial ability to meet his or her needs and necessities after dissolution of marriage. Permanent alimony is paid at a specified, periodic rate until: modification by a court order; the death of either party; or the remarriage of the party receiving alimony, whichever occurs first. Permanent alimony requires consideration of the factors set forth in section 61.08(2), Florida Statutes, and must include certain written findings by the court.

Personal Service - when a summons and a copy of a petition (or other pleading) that has been filed with the court are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server to the other party. Personal service is required for all petitions and supplemental petitions.

Petition - a written request to the court for legal action, which begins a court case.

Petitioner - the person who originally files a petition that begins a court case. The Petitioner remains the Petitioner throughout the duration of the case.

Pleading - a formal, written statement of exactly what a party wants the court to do in a lawsuit or court action.

Pro Se or Self-Represented Litigant - a person who appears in court without the assistance of a lawyer.

Pro Se Coordinator - see **Family Law Intake Staff**.

Rehabilitative Alimony - spousal support ordered to be paid for a limited period of time to allow one of the parties an opportunity to complete a plan of education or training, according to a rehabilitative plan accepted by the court, so that he or she may better support himself or herself after dissolution of marriage.

Relocation- a change in the location of the principal residence of a parent or other person in accordance with section 61.13001, Florida Statutes.

Respondent - the person who is served with a petition requesting some legal action against him or her. The Respondent remains the Respondent throughout the duration of the case.

Scientific Paternity Testing - a medical test to determine the biological father of a child

Service - the delivery of legal documents to a party. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Shared Parental Responsibility - an arrangement under which both parents have full parental rights and responsibilities for their child(ren), and the parents make major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) jointly. Shared Parental Responsibility is presumptive in Florida.

Sole Parental Responsibility - a parenting arrangement under which the responsibility for the minor child(ren) is given to one parent by the court, with or without rights of time-sharing to the other parent.

State Disbursement Unit- the unit established and operated by the Title IV-D agency to provide one central address for the collection and disbursement of child support payments made in both Department of Revenue and non-Department of Revenue cases, in which the obligation is paid through an income deduction order.

Supervised Time-Sharing- a parenting arrangement under which time-sharing between a parent and his or her child(ren) is supervised by either a friend, family member, or a supervised visitation center.

Supplemental Petition - a petition that may be filed by either party after the judge has made a decision in a case and a final judgment or order has been entered. For example, a supplemental petition may be used to request that the court modify the previously entered final judgment or order.

Supportive Relationship-a relationship, defined in section 61.14(1)(b)1, Florida Statutes, existing between an obligee who receives alimony and a person with whom that obligee resides.

Time-Sharing Schedule – a timetable that must be included in the Parenting Plan that specifies the time, including overnights and holidays that a minor child or children will spend with each parent. The time-sharing schedule shall either be developed and agreed to by the parents of a minor child or children and is approved by the court, or established by the court if the parents cannot agree, or if their agreed-upon schedule is not approved by the court.

Trial - the final hearing in a contested case.

Uncontested - any and all issues on which the parties are able to agree and which are part of a marital settlement agreement.

Administrative Office of the Courts The Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida (727)582-7200

How can I keep my address confidential in a court case if I am in fear of domestic violence?

Question: I am in fear of domestic violence from my spouse or another party in my court case. What do I have to do if I want to keep my address confidential?

Answer: In a domestic or repeat violence injunction case, the clerk of court has procedures in place to keep your address confidential. If a party in the injunction case properly files their pleadings at the domestic violence desk, the clerk will send you the copies of their pleadings so that you are properly notified of the filing and the hearing.

<u>In most types of proceedings, the confidential address procedure through the clerk is not available</u> because parties are required to copy other parties with pleadings filed in the case. In addition to sending copies of all pleadings, the moving party must prepare a notice of hearing and send it to all parties in the case.

If you do not want the other party(s) to have your home address you can consider the following:

- 1. Obtain a post office box. The post office cannot reveal the true address of a post office box owner, who is a private person and not a business, without a court order.
- 2. Ask your employer if you may use your work address to receive mail on your court case and as your service address for personal service.
- 3. If you are a victim of domestic violence or the guardian of an adult, minor child or impaired person who is a victim of domestic violence, you may inquire about the Address Confidentiality Program (ACP) with the Florida Attorney General's Office. You will be interviewed for acceptance into the program. Please call the Florida Attorney General at 1-800-226-6667 (local # 850-414-3300, TDD/TTY users may use the Florida Relay service at 1-800-955-8771) for information on setting up the interview.

How the program works: If you are accepted into the ACP program you will be given a substitute address to use for your mailing and legal process service address. The Attorney General will be the only one who has your real address. All first class mail sent, or legal process served, to the substitute ACP address will be forwarded to you by the Attorney General's Office. Your acceptance into the program is for a set period of time, is revocable, and must be renewed upon expiration. If you are accepted into the ACP program you will be given an identification card. It is your responsibility to determine who will get your actual address and who will get your ACP address. Government agencies are required to accept your ACP address but if you have previously given your actual address, they may not have to replace it with your substitute address.

The courts may order you to reveal your true address during a court case. Be aware that many government agencies share information and if you have given your true address to one, it may be shared with other agencies. Federal agencies and private businesses are not required to accept your ACP address but many will do so. Certain agencies, such as law enforcement, have the right to access your true address for certain reasons. A false or incorrect application under this program constitutes a second degree misdemeanor.

Administrative Office of the Courts The Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida 727-582-7200

Administra		Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida 727-582-7200
	South Pinellas Co	ounty(St. Petersburg)
Name	Address	Telephone Number(s) or other information
Courts Information and	Family law procedural assistance &	727-582-7200 (walk-in assistance is not available)
Resource Center	information on approved forms.	Office hours 8 a.m .to Noon, 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. Monday - Friday.
Lawyer Referral Service		727-821-5450 (30 min. consultation with a lawyer for a small fee)
Legal Aid	Bay Area Legal Services-West	Bay Area Legal Services-West: 727-490-4040
St. Petersburg	2600-9 th Street North, Ste. 401	Gulfcoast Legal Services: 727-821-0726
St. 1 oto155415	St. Petersburg, FL 33704	Community Law Program: 727-582-7402
St. Petersburg Courthouse	545-1 st Avenue North	Clerk of Court: 727-464-7000
	St. Petersburg, FL 33701	Child Support Automated Information Line: 727-464-4845
Alternative Dispute	Court ordered civil mediation and	Mediation/Arbitration: 727-464-4943, Family Mediation: 727-464-4947
Resolution Programs	arbitration services.	
Clerk of Court Self Help	Legal assistance by	St. Petersburg Courthouse, 545-1 st Avenue North, St. Petersburg,
Center (St. Petersburg)	appointment for a fee	FL 33701 phone: 727-582-7941 , call for information.
Center (St. 1 etersourg)		County(Clearwater)
	315 Court Street	Clerk of Court: 727-464-7000
Clearwater Courthouse	Clearwater, FL 33756	
	Clearwater, FL 33730	Child Support Automated Information Line: 727-464-4845
Courts Information and	Family law procedural assistance &	727-582-7200 (walk-in assistance is not available)
Resource Center	information on approved forms.	Office hours 8 a.m. to Noon, 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. Monday - Friday.
Lawyer Referral Service		727-461-4880 (30 minute consultation for a small fee)
Legal Aid	Gulfcoast Legal Services	727-443-0657
Clearwater	2189 Cleveland St., Bldg G, Ste.210	121 443 0031
Cical water	Clearwater, FL 33765	
Pinellas County Information	315 Court Street Clearwater, FL 33756	727-464-3000
Alternative Dispute	Court ordered mediation and	Mediation/Arbitration: 727-464-4943, Family Mediation: 727-464-4947
Resolution Programs	arbitration services.	
Clerk of Court Self Help	Legal assistance by	Clearwater Courthouse, 315 Court Street, Clearwater, FL 33756
Center (Clearwater)	appointment for a fee	phone: 727-464-5150 call for information.
		Port Richey & Dade City)
Clerk of Court-Civil	7530 Little Road	727-847-8176
(New Port Richey)	New Port Richey, FL 34654	727-847-8170
Clerk of Court-Civil	38053 Live Oak Avenue	352-521-4517
(Dade City)	Dade City, FL 33523-3805	332-321-4317
	Bay Area Legal Services	No Port Dishow 727 947 5404
Legal Aid-Pasco	Offices in New Port Richey and	New Port Richey: 727-847-5494
	Dade City	Dade City: 352-567-9044
Pasco County General	38053 Live Oak Avenue	352-521-4274
Information	Dade City, FL 33523-3805	332 321 1271
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D1: 1. D. (CD		ellaneous
Florida Dept. of Revenue	Many offices statewide	Child Support Enforcement: 850-488-5437
211	Information and referral for a	Dial 211 (24 hours per day, 7 days per week)
	variety of state, local and private services.	Multilingual Internet page: http://www.211tampabay.com
Internet Degree		I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Internet Pages	Florida Supreme Court http://www	
Pinellas County Clerk of Court http://www.mypinellasclerk.org Sixth Judicial Circuit Court http://www.jud6.org		
	Sixth Judicial Circuit Family Div	
Ctata of El:: 1- EL CDLI		/AboutTheCircuit/AOC/Courtprograms/familyLaw/familylaw.htm
State of Florida FLSDU	SDU P.O. Box 8500	For income deducted support payments
	Tallahassee, FL 32314-8500	1-877-769-0251 Toll free (you will need your case number and
	1 ununussee, 1 E 32317-0300	social security number)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.901(b)(3) PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN) OR PROPERTY

When should this form be used?

(02/18)

This form may be used when you are filing for a <u>dissolution of marriage</u>, and you and your spouse have no <u>marital assets</u> or <u>marital liabilities</u>, no minor or dependent children, neither spouse is seeking spousal support (alimony), and neither spouse is pregnant. You or your spouse must have lived in Florida for at least 6 months before filing for a dissolution in Florida. If you and your spouse agree on all issues and both can attend the hearing, you may want to file a **Petition for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.901(a); however, you cannot file a Petition for a Simplified Dissolution of Marriage if any of the following are true:

- Either you or your spouse is seeking spousal support (alimony).
- You would like to ask questions and get documents concerning your spouse's income, expenses, assets, debts, or other matters before having a trial or settlement.
- You would like to reserve your rights to have any matters reconsidered or appeal the judge's decision.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you live and keep a copy for your records. Because you are filing the <u>petition</u> in this proceeding, you may also be referred to as the **petitioner** and your spouse as the **respondent**.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

What should I do next?

For your case to proceed, you must properly notify your spouse of the **petition**. If you know where he or she lives, you should use **personal service**. If you absolutely do not know where he or she lives, you may use **constructive service**. You may also be able to use constructive service if your spouse resides in

Instructions to Florida Supreme Court Approved Law Form 12.901(b)(3), Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) or Property (02/18)

another state or country. However, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief, which cannot include spousal support (alimony). For more information on constructive service, see Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), and Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b). If your spouse is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a) and Affidavit of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(b). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military service is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

If personal service is used, your spouse has 20 days to answer after being served with your petition. Your case will then generally proceed in one of the following three ways:

<u>DEFAULT</u>. If after 20 days, your spouse has not filed an <u>answer</u>, you may file a <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk of court. Then, if you have filed all of the required papers, you may contact the clerk, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial assistant</u> to set a <u>final hearing</u>. You must notify your spouse of the hearing by using a <u>Notice of Hearing</u> (<u>General</u>), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form.

<u>UNCONTESTED</u>. If your spouse files an answer that agrees with everything in your petition or an answer and waiver, **and** you have complied with <u>mandatory disclosure</u> and filed all of the required papers, you may contact the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant to set a final hearing. You must notify your spouse of the hearing by using a **Notice of Hearing (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form.

CONTESTED. If your spouse files an answer or an answer and **counterpetition**, which disagrees with or denies anything in your petition, **and** you are unable to settle the disputed issues, you should file a **Notice for Trial**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.924, after you have complied with mandatory disclosure and filed all of the required papers. Some circuits may require the completion of **mediation** before a final hearing may be set. You should contact the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant for instructions on how to set your case for trial (final hearing). If your spouse files an answer and counterpetition, you should answer the counterpetition within 20 days using an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d).

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain

Instructions to Florida Supreme Court Approved Law Form 12.901(b)(3), Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) or Property (02/18)

circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Special notes...

If you do not have the money to pay the filing fee, you may obtain an Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status from the clerk, fill it out, and the clerk will determine whether you are eligible to have filing fees deferred.

If you want to keep your address confidential because you are the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file a **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h).

With this form, you must also file the following:

- Affidavit of Corroborating Witness, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(i) OR
 photocopy of current Florida driver's license, Florida identification card, or voter's registration card
 (issue date of copied document must be at least six months before date case is actually filed with
 the clerk of the circuit court).
- Notice of Social Security Number, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j).
- Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). (This must be filed within 45 days of service of the petition on the respondent, if not filed at the time of the petition.)
- Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932. (This must be filed within 45 days of <u>service</u> of the petition on the respondent, if not filed at the time of the petition, unless you and your spouse have agreed not to exchange these documents.)

Final Judgment Form. These family law forms contain a Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage with No Property or Minor Child(ren) (Uncontested), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.990(b)(3). You should check with the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant to see if you need to bring a final judgment with you to the hearing. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

Nonlawyer. Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	
In	re: The Marriage of:	Case No: Division:
	Petitioner,	
	Respondent.	
Pl	ETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARE OR MINOR CHILD(REN)	
	full legal name}title following statements are true	, the e:
1.	JURISDICTION/RESIDENCE Petitioner Respondent Both h before the filing of this Petition for Dissolution of M	
2.	Petitioner is or is not a member of th Respondent is or is not a member of	
3.	MARRIAGE HISTORY Date of marriage: {month, day, year} Place of marriage: {county, state, country}	
4.	THERE ARE NO MINOR (under 18) OR DEPENDENT (NEITHER SPOUSE IS PREGNANT.	CHILD(REN) COMMON TO BOTH PARTIES AND
5.	A completed Notice of Social Security Number, Flor 12.902(j), is filed with this petition.	ida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form
6.	THIS PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE SH	OULD BE GRANTED BECAUSE:
	a The marriage is irretrievably broken.	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Law Form 12.901(b)(3), Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) or Property (02/18)

	ORb One of the parties has been adjudged mentally incapacitated for a period of 3 years
	before the filing of this petition. A copy of the Judgment of Incapacity is attached.
7.	THERE ARE NO MARITAL ASSETS OR LIABILITIES.
8.	PETITIONER FOREVER GIVES UP ANY RIGHTS TO SPOUSAL SUPPORT (ALIMONY) FROM THE OTHER SPOUSE.
9.	Petitioner requests to be known by the following former legal name, which was <i>{former legal name}</i>
10.	Other relief {specify}:
{Th	QUEST output is section summarizes what you are asking the Court to include in the final judgment of dissolution of a larriage.}
 [Inc	Petitioner requests that the Court enter an order dissolving the marriage and : dicate all that apply]
-	restoring Petitioner's former name as specified in paragraph 9 of this petition;
2.	awarding other relief as specified in paragraph 10 of this petition; and any other terms the Court deems necessary.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF ELODIDA	
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me	on by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary o
	deputy clerk.}
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
	IIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for	
This form was completed with the assistance	
{name of individual}	
{name of business}	
{address}	de},{telephone number}
{city},{state},{zip co	de,{telephone number /

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.901(b)(2)

PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY BUT NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN) (02/18)

When should this form be used?

This form may be used when you are filing for a <u>dissolution of marriage</u>, and you and your spouse have <u>marital assets</u> and/or <u>marital liabilities</u>, but you do not have any minor or dependent children and neither of you is pregnant. You or your <u>spouse</u> must have lived in Florida for at least 6 months before filing for a dissolution in Florida. If you and your spouse agree on all issues and both can attend the hearing, you may want to file a <u>Petition for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage</u>, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.901(a); however, you cannot file a Petition for a Simplified Dissolution of Marriage if any of the following are true:

- You disagree about property, debts, or other matters and wish to have a judge settle them for you.
- Either you or your spouse is seeking spousal support (alimony).
- You would like to ask questions and get documents concerning your spouse's income, expenses, assets, debts, or other matters before having a trial or settlement.
- You would like to reserve your rights to have any matters reconsidered or appeal the judge's decision.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You should file the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you live and keep a copy for your records. Because you are filing the <u>petition</u> in this proceeding, you may also be referred to as the <u>petitioner</u> and your spouse as the <u>respondent</u>.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

What should I do next?

For your case to proceed, you must properly notify your spouse of the <u>petition</u>. If you know where he or she lives, you should use <u>personal service</u>. If you absolutely do not know where he or she lives, you may use <u>constructive service</u>. You may also be able to use constructive service if your spouse resides in another state or country; however, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief which cannot include spousal support (alimony). For more information on constructive service, see **Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), and **Affidavit of Diligent Search and**

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.901(b)(2), Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (02/18)

Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b). If your spouse is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, **Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a) and **Affidavit of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(b). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military service is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

If personal service is used, your spouse has 20 days to answer after being served with your petition. Your case will then generally proceed in one of the following three ways:

<u>DEFAULT</u>. If after 20 days, your spouse has not filed an <u>answer</u>, you may file a <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk of court. Then, if you have filed all of the required papers, you may contact the clerk, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial assistant</u> to set a <u>final hearing</u>. You must notify your spouse of the hearing by using a Notice of Hearing (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form.

<u>UNCONTESTED</u>. If your spouse files an answer that agrees with everything in your petition or an answer and waiver, and you have complied with <u>mandatory disclosure</u> and filed all of the required papers, you may contact the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant to set a final hearing. You must notify your spouse of the hearing by using a **Notice of Hearing (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form.

<u>CONTESTED</u>. If your spouse files an answer or an answer and counterpetition, which disagrees with or denies anything in your petition, and you are unable to settle the disputed issues, you should file a **Notice for Trial**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.924, after you have complied with mandatory disclosure and filed all of the required papers. Some circuits may require the completion of <u>mediation</u> before a final hearing may be set. You should contact the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant for instructions on how to set your case for trial (final hearing). If your spouse files an answer and counterpetition, you should answer the counterpetition within 20 days using an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d).

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in **bold underline** in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.901(b)(2), Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (02/18)

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Special notes...

If you do not have the money to pay the filing fee, you may obtain an Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status from the clerk, fill it out, and the clerk will determine whether you are eligible to have filing fees deferred.

If you want to keep your address confidential because you are the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file a **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h).

With this form, you must also file the following:

- Affidavit of Corroborating Witness, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(i) OR photocopy of current Florida driver's license, Florida identification card, or voter's registration card (issue date of copied document must be at least six months before date case is actually filed with the clerk of the circuit court).
- Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2), if you and your spouse have reached an agreement on any or all of the issues.
- Notice of Social Security Number, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j).
- Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). (This must be filed within 45 days of service of the petition on the respondent, if not filed at the time of the petition.)
- Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure
 Form 12.932. (This must be filed within 45 days of service of the petition on the respondent, if
 not filed at the time of the petition, unless you and your spouse have agreed not to exchange
 these documents.)

Alimony. Alimony may be awarded to a spouse if the judge finds that one spouse has an actual need for it and also finds that the other spouse has the ability to pay. If you want alimony, you must request it in writing in the original petition. If you do not request alimony in writing before the final hearing, it is waived (you may not request it later). You may request permanent alimony, bridge-the-gap alimony, durational alimony, and/or rehabilitative alimony. If alimony is awarded, the judge may order periodic payments, payments in lump sum, or both.

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.901(b)(2), Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (02/18)

Marital/Nonmarital Assets and Liabilities. Florida law requires an equitable distribution of marital assets and marital liabilities. "Equitable" does not necessarily mean "equal." Many factors, including alimony awards, may lead the court to make an unequal (but still equitable) distribution of assets and liabilities. Nonmarital assets and nonmarital liabilities are those assets and liabilities which the parties agree or the court determines belong to, or are the responsibility of, only one of the parties. If the parties agree or the court finds an asset or liability to be nonmarital, the judge will not consider it when distributing marital assets and liabilities.

Temporary Relief. If you need temporary relief regarding temporary use of assets, temporary responsibility for liabilities, or temporary alimony, you may file a **Motion for Temporary Support with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.947(c). For more information, see the instructions for that form.

Marital Settlement Agreement. If you and your spouse are able to reach an agreement on any or all of the issues, you should file a Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with Property But No Dependent or Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2). Both spouses must sign this agreement before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. Any issues on which you are unable to agree will be considered <u>contested</u> and settled by the judge at the final hearing.

Final Judgment Forms. These family law forms contain a Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.990(c)(2), which the judge may use if your case is contested. If you and your spouse reach an agreement on all of the issues, the judge may use a Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (Uncontested), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.990(b)(2). You should check with the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant to see if you need to bring a final judgment with you to the hearing. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

<u>Nonlawyer</u>. Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No:
In re: The Marriage of:	Division:
,	
Petitioner,	
and	
, Respondent.	
	OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY OR MINOR CHILD(REN)
I, {full legal name}	. the
Petitioner, being sworn, certify that the following s	tatements are true:
JURISDICTION/RESIDENCE Petitioner Respondent Both has the filing of this Petition for Dissolution of Marriage Petitioner is or is not a member of the filing of this Petitioner.	
Respondent is or is not a member of	of the military service.
3. MARRIAGE HISTORY Date of marriage: {month, day, year}	
Date of separation: {month, day, year}Place of marriage: {county, state, country}	{Indicate if approximate}
4. THERE ARE NO MINOR (under 18) OR DEPENDEN NEITHER SPOUSE IS PREGNANT.	IT CHILD(REN) COMMON TO BOTH PARTIES AND
5. A completed Notice of Social Security Number, F 12.902(j), is filed with this petition.	lorida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form
6. THIS PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE	SHOULD BE GRANTED BECAUSE:
The marriage is irretrievably broken. OR	
	Ily incapacitated for a period of 3 years before the capacity is attached.

SECTION I. MARITAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES 1. There are no marital assets or liabilities. OR 2. ____ There are marital assets or liabilities. All marital and nonmarital assets and liabilities are (or will be) listed in the financial affidavits, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c), to be filed in this case. {Indicate all that apply} a. All marital assets and debts have been divided by a written agreement between the parties, which is attached to be incorporated into the final judgment of dissolution of marriage. (The parties may use Marital Settlement Agreement for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(f)(3) or Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2)). b. _____ The Court should determine how the assets and liabilities of this marriage are to be distributed, under section 61.075, Florida Statutes. c. Petitioner should be awarded an interest in the other spouse's property because:_____ **SECTION II. SPOUSAL SUPPORT (ALIMONY)** 1. _____ Petitioner forever gives up any right to spousal support (alimony) from the other spouse. OR 2. _____ Petitioner requests that the Court order the other spouse to pay the following spousal support (alimony) and claims that he or she has an actual need for the support that he or she is requesting and that the other spouse has the ability to pay that support. Spousal support (alimony) is requested in the amount of \$ _____ every ____ week ____ other week ____ month, beginning {date} and continuing until {date or event} Explain why the Court should order the other spouse to pay and any specific request(s) for type of alimony (temporary, permanent, bridge-the-gap, durational, rehabilitative, and/or lump sum):

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.901(b)(2), Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (02/18)

Other provisions relating to alimony including any tax treatment and consequences:

··································
4 Petitioner requests life insurance on the other spouse's life, provided by that spouse, to secure
such support.
SECTION III. OTHER
Petitioner requests to be known by the following former legal name, which was \{former legal name\}
Other relief {specify}:
- -
SECTION IV. REQUEST
{This section summarizes what you are asking the Court to include in the final judgment of dissolution of marriage.}
Petitioner requests that the Court enter an order dissolving the marriage and:
[Indicate all that apply]
distributing marital assets and liabilities as requested in Section I of this petition;
awarding spousal support (alimony) as requested in Section II of this petition;
restoring Petitioner's former name as requested in Section III of this petition;
awarding other relief as requested in Section III of this petition; and any other terms the Court
deems necessary.

Printed Name:
Address:
Telephone Number: Fax Number: Designated E-mail Address(es): STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on by
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on by NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK {Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary deputy clerk.} Personally knownProduced identification
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on by
NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK {Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary deputy clerk.} Personally knownProduced identification
{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary deputy clerk.} Personally knownProduced identification
{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary deputy clerk.} Personally knownProduced identification
{Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary deputy clerk.} Personally knownProduced identification
deputy clerk.}Personally knownProduced identification
deputy clerk.}Personally knownProduced identification
Personally knownProduced identification
Produced identification
Type of identification produced

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the Petitioner.
This form was completed with the assistance of:
{name of individual}
{name of business}
{address}
{address}

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.928 COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES (11/20)

When should this form be used?

The Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and the information contained in it does not replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other documents as required by law. This form shall be filed by the petitioner/party opening or reopening a case for the use of the <u>clerk of the</u> <u>circuit court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statutes section 25.075.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. The petitioner must <u>file</u> this cover sheet with the first pleading or motion filed to open or reopen a case in all domestic and juvenile cases.

What should I do next?

Follow these instructions for completing the form:

- I. Case Style. Enter the name of the court, the appropriate case number assigned at the time of filing of the original petition, the name of the judge assigned (if applicable), and the name (last, first, middle initial) of the petitioner(s) and respondent(s).
- II. Type of Action /Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are filing more than one type of proceeding, (such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding) against the same party at the same time, then you must complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed.
 - (A) Initial Action/Petition
 - (B) Reopening Case. If you check "Reopening Case," indicate whether you are filing a modification or supplemental petition or an action for enforcement by placing a check beside the appropriate action/petition.
 - 1. Modification/Supplemental Petition
 - 2. Motion for Civil Contempt/ Enforcement
 - Other All reopening actions not involving modification/supplemental petitions or petition enforcement.
- III. Type of Case. Place a check beside the appropriate case. If the case fits more than one category, select the most definitive. Definitions of the categories are provided below.
 - (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage- petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.105.
 - (B) Dissolution of Marriage petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Chapter 61, Florida Statutes, other than simplified dissolution.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (11/20)

- (C) Domestic Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against domestic violence pursuant to section 741.30, Florida Statutes.
- (D) Dating Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against dating violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (E) Repeat Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against repeat violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (F) Sexual Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against sexual violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (G) Stalking-all matters relating to injunctions for protection against stalking pursuant to section 784.0485, Florida Statutes
- (H) Support IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has been filed with the Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement under Title IV-D, Social Security Act, except for such matters relating to dissolution of marriage petitions (sections 409.2564, 409.2571, and 409.2597, Florida Statutes), paternity, or UIFSA.
- (I) Support-Non IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (J) UIFSA- IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (K) UIFSA Non IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (L) Other Family Court all matters involving time-sharing and/or parenting plans relating to minor child(ren), support unconnected with dissolution of marriage, annulment, delayed birth certificates pursuant to Florida Statutes section 382.0195, expedited affirmation of parental status pursuant to Florida Statutes section 742.16, termination of parental rights proceedings pursuant to Florida Statutes section 63.087, declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, post-marital agreements, or other matters not included in the categories above.
- (M) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 63, Florida Statutes, excluding any matters arising out of Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (N) Name Change all matters relating to name change, pursuant to section 68.07, Florida Statutes.
- (O) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity all matters relating to paternity pursuant to Chapter 742, Florida Statutes.
- (P) Juvenile Delinquency all matters relating to juvenile delinquency pursuant to Chapter 985, Florida Statutes.
- (Q) Petition for Dependency all matters relating to petitions for dependency.
- (R) Shelter Petition all matters relating to shelter petitions pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (S) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to termination of parental rights pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (T) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (U) CINS/FINS all matters relating to children in need of services (and families in need of services) pursuant to Chapter 984, Florida Statutes.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (11/20)

- (V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family-all matters relating to petitions for temporary or concurrent custody pursuant to Chapter 751.
- (W) Emancipation of a Minor-all matters relating to emancipation of a minor pursuant to Chapter 743.

ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE. Sign the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Print legibly the name of the person signing the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Attorneys must include a Florida Bar number. Insert the date the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases is signed. Signature is a certification that filer has provided accurate information on the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases.

Nonlawyer Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (11/20)

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see Rule 12.100, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

COVER SHEET FOR FAMILY COURT CASES

I.	Case Style
	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.: Judge:
	Petitioner
	and
	Respondent
II.	Type of Action/Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are filing more than one type of proceeding (such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding) against the same party at the same time, then you must complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed. If you are reopening a case, choose one of the three options below it.
	(A) Initial Action/Petition (B) Reopening Case 1 Modification/Supplemental Petition 2 Motion for Civil Contempt/Enforcement 3 Other
III.	Type of Case. If the case fits more than one type of case, select the most definitive.
	 (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage (B) Dissolution of Marriage (C) Domestic Violence (D) Dating Violence (E) Repeat Violence (F) Sexual Violence (G) Stalking
	(H) Support IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (I) Support Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (J) UIFSA IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (K) UIFSA Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement) (L) Other Family Court (M) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 (N) Name Change (O) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity (P) Juvenile Delinquency

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (11/20)

 (R) Shelter Petition (S) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39 (T) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 (U) CINS/FINS (V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family (W) Emancipation of a Minor IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C Family Court Cases and initial pleading/petition? 	sented litigan
 (T) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 (U) CINS/FINS (V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family (W) Emancipation of a Minor IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C 	sented litigan
 (U) CINS/FINS (V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family (W) Emancipation of a Minor IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-represent order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C 	sented litigan
 (V) Petition for Temporary or Concurrent Custody by Extended Family (W) Emancipation of a Minor IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C 	sented litigan
 (W) Emancipation of a Minor IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Fa 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C 	sented litigan
12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-repre in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C	sented litigan
in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this C	_
	over Sheet for
Family Court Cases and initial pleading/petition?	
No, to the best of my knowledge, no related cases exist Yes, all related cases are listed on Family Law Form 12.900(h).	
ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE	
LCERTIEV that the information I have provided in this cover sheet is assurate to t	the best of my
I CERTIFY that the information I have provided in this cover sheet is accurate to the knowledge and belief.	tie best of my
knowledge and belief.	
Signature FL Bar No.: FL Bar number, if atto	
Attorney or party (Bar number, if atto	rney)
(Type or print name) (E-mail Address(es))	
(170e 01 DIIIIL Hallie) (E-IIIali Audressies))	
(-),,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Date (Construction)	
Date	
Date IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E	3ELOW: [fill in
Date IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks]	3ELOW: [fill in
Date IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose only one} Petitioner Respondent	3ELOW: [fill in
Date IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose only one} Petitioner Respondent This form was completed with the assistance of:	BELOW: [fill in
Date IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose only one} Petitioner Respondent This form was completed with the assistance of: {name of individual}	3ELOW: [fill in
Date IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS E all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose only one} Petitioner Respondent This form was completed with the assistance of:	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(j), NOTICE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER (06/18)

When should this form be used?

This form must be completed and filed by each party in all <u>paternity</u>, <u>child support</u>, and <u>dissolution of marriage</u> cases, regardless of whether the case involves a minor child(ren) and/or property.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case was filed and keep a copy for your records.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Under Rule 2.420 of the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration, Social Security Numbers are confidential; however, this information is required by the Florida Statutes. A Notice of Confidential Information within Court Filing must be filed with the Notice of Social Security Number. This Notice is an appendix to rule 2.420.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so. If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not **served** on him or her with your initial papers.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j), Notice of Social Security Number (06/18)

Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you **must** review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

Special notes...

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter the address, telephone, fax, or e-mail information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file a Request for Confidential Filing of Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(i).

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE _ IN AND FOR	
	Case No.:
Petitioner,	_
and	
Respondent.	_
NOTICE OF SOCIAL SE	ECURITY NUMBER
I, {full legal name} my social security number is the Florida Statutes. My date of birth is	, as required by the applicable section of
[Choose one only] 1. This notice is being filed in a dissolution of or dependent child(ren) in common.	marriage case in which the parties have no minor
	hild support case, or in a dissolution of marriage ent children in common. The minor or dependent ocial security number(s) is/are:
Name Birth o	date Social Security Number
{Attach additional pages if necessary.}	
Disclosure of social security numbers shall be limited program for child support enforcement.	to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j), Notice of Social Security Number (06/18)

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this notice and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
Signature of Party	
Printed Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Telephone Number:	
Fax Number:	
Designated E-mail Address(es):	
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on by	
Date:	
NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK	
(Driet have an above a constitution of a character	
[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary clerk]	or
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:	
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose only one } Petitioner Respon	dent
This form was completed with the assistance of:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
{name of individual}	
{name of business}	_′
{address}	
{city}, {state}, {zip code}, {telephone number}	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(h), NOTICE OF RELATED CASES (11/13)

When should this form be used?

Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires the **petitioner** in a family law case to file with the court a notice of related cases, if any. Your circuit may also require this form to be filed even if there are no related cases. A case is considered related if

- it involves the same parties, children, or issues and is pending when the family law case is filed; or
- it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; or
- an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

This form is used to provide the required notice to the court.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. It must be **filed** with the **clerk of the circuit court** with the initial pleading in the family law case.

What should I do next?

A copy of the form must be served on the presiding judges, either the chief judge or the family law administrative judge, and all parties in the related cases. You should also keep a copy for your records. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "**bold underline"** in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d).

Special notes . . .

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms must also put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.
Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Coco No
		Case No.: Division:
		DIVISION.
	Petitioner,	
	and	
	Respondent.	
	·	
	NOTICE	
	NOTICE	E OF RELATED CASES
ji f t	2.545(d). A related case may be an op uvenile delinquency, juvenile depende amily law case if it involves any of the he party files a family case; if it affects	ed Cases as required by Florida Rule of Judicial Administration or closed civil, criminal, guardianship, domestic violence ency, or domestic relations case. A case is "related" to this same parties, children, or issues and it is pending at the times the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an order in the related same issues in the new case; or if an order in the new case relitigation.
[- - F	There are no related cases The following are the related cases Related Case No. 1 Case Name(s):	
2 ji f. c n [- - -	There are no related cases. The following are the related cases Related Case No. 1 Case Name(s): Petitioner	
[- - F (There are no related cases. The following are the related cases Related Case No. 1 Case Name(s): Petitioner	

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues; may affect court's jurisdiction; order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case. Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
Related Case No. 2 Case Name(s): Petitioner Respondent Case No.: Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply] Dissolution of Marriage Paternity Custody Adoption Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency Termination of Parental Rights Criminal Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health Violence or Stalking Injunctions Other {specify}
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify} Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida): Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any): Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (11/13)

order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
Related Case No. 3
Case Name(s):
Petitioner
Respondent
Case No.: Division:
Type of Proceeding: [check all that apply]
Dissolution of Marriage Paternity
Custody Adoption
Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedin
Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency
Termination of Parental Rights Criminal
Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Mental Health
Violence or Stalking InjunctionsOther {specify}
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion
County, Florida):
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Relationship of cases check all that apply]:
pending case involves same parties, children, or issues;
may affect court's jurisdiction;
order in related case may conflict with an order in this case;
order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.
Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
[check one only]
I do not request coordination of litigation in any of the cases listed above.

2.

	I do request coordination of the foll	lowing cases:
3.	[check all that apply] Assignment to one judge Coordination of existing cases will conserve judicial resources as because:	nd promote an efficient determination of these cases
4.	The Petitioner acknowledges a continuin state that could affect the current proceed	g duty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other eding.
	Dated:	
		Petitioner's Signature Printed Name:
		City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number: E-mail Address(es):
		ICATE OF SERVICE
Sho ([ch	eriff's Department or a certified process se) e-mailed () mailed () hand delivered leck all that apply] () judge assigned to I	e of Related Cases to the County erver for service on the Respondent, and [check all used] d, a copy to {name}, who is the new case, () chief judge or family law administrative a party to the related case, () {name}
		the related case on {date}
		Signature of Petitioner/Attorney for Petitioner Printed Name:

IF A NONLA	AWYER	R HELPED YO	OU FILL OUT TH	IS FORM, HE/SHE MUST	FILL IN THE BLA	NKS BELOW:
[fill in all bl	anks] [·]	This form wa	as prepared for	the {choose only one}: () Petitioner () Respondent.
This form w	vas coi	mpleted wit	h the assistance	e of:		
{name of in	ndividu	al}				
{address}						,
{city}			{state}	, {telephone nur	nber}	·

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REGARDING PARTIES FORM

The Supplemental Information Regarding Parties form will aid the Court and the Clerk of the Circuit Court in identifying related cases. This will help ensure that your related cases are heard before the same judge at the same time and reduce the number of times you have to appear in court.

When should this form be filed?

The Supplemental Information Regarding Parties form only needs to be completed and filed in civil domestic violence cases, dissolution cases, paternity cases, or child support actions.

Who should complete and file the form?

The Supplemental Information Regarding Parties form must be completed and filed by the Petitioner with the case-initiating documents. The Respondent may choose to complete and file the form at a later date.

How should the form be completed?

The person completing the Supplemental Information Regarding Parties form should answer the questions relating to them thoroughly and accurately. The person should also make a good faith effort to complete the portion of the form relating to the opposing party.

What should I do next?

The Supplemental Information Regarding Parties form must be served on the opposing party. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516, except that the Petitioner may choose to serve the form along with the case-initiating documents.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR PASCO/PINELLAS COUNTY, FLORIDA

	D 4'4'	C = N
	Petitioner,	Case No.:
	and	Section:
		_
	Respondent.	
		/
	SUPPLEMENTAL I	INFORMATION REGARDING PARTIES
The in	nformation provided in t	this form will assist the court and the Clerk of the Circuit
	-	es pursuant to Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545
		-
	oner's Information:	
b.	Previous Names:	
	*	den names, previous married or legal names, aliases (AKA's))
		PID/SPN:
d.	Information on Childr	
	iPetitioner of	does not have any minor children.
	ii. Petitioner l	has a minor child(ren) in common with Respondent.
	(If you have	checked this line, please complete page 2.)
	iii. Petitioner l	has a minor child(ren) NOT in common with Respondent.
	(If you have	checked this line, please complete page 3.)
2. Respe	ondent's Information:	
a.	Full Legal Name:	
b.	Previous Names:	
	(Mai	den names, previous married or legal names, aliases (AKA's))
c.	Date of Birth:	PID/SPN:
d.	Information on Childr	ren:
	iResponden	nt does not have any minor children.
	ii. Responden	nt has a minor child(ren) in common with Petitioner.
	*	checked this line, please complete page 2.)
		at has a minor child(ren) NOT in common with Petitioner.
		checked this line please complete page 3)

Case Number: Section:

<u>Minor Child(ren) In Common</u> : The number of minor children In Common is						
Information about child #1: Date of Birth:			Sex:			
Child's Full Legal Name:						
Has the child's name ever been changed?	Yes	No				
If yes, list the child's name before it was						
Information about child #2: Date of Birth:			Sex:			
Child's Full Legal Name:						
Has the child's name ever been changed?						
If yes, list the child's name before it was	change	d:				
Information about child #3: Date of Birth:			Sex:			
Child's Full Legal Name:						
Has the child's name ever been changed?	_ Yes _	No				
If yes, list the child's name before it was	change	d:				
Information about child #4: Date of Birth:			Sex:			
Child's Full Legal Name:						
Has the child's name ever been changed?	Yes	No				
If yes, list the child's name before it was	change	d:				
Information about child #5: Date of Birth:			Sex:			
Child's Full Legal Name:						
Has the child's name ever been changed?						
If yes, list the child's name before it was	change	d:				
Information about child #6: Date of Birth:			Sex:			
Child's Full Legal Name:						
Has the child's name ever been changed?		No				
If yes, list the child's name before it was						

If additional space is needed, please use another sheet of paper and attach it to this form.

Case Number: Section:

Minor Child(ren) NOT In Common: The Common is			O 1 111
Information about child #1: Date of Birth:		Sex:	
Child's Full Legal Name:			
Has the child's name ever been changed?	Yes No		
If yes, list the child's name before it was			
This is the child of (please check one):	Petitioner		_Respondent
Information about child #2: Date of Birth:			
Child's Full Legal Name:			
Has the child's name ever been changed?	Yes No		
If yes, list the child's name before it was			
This is the child of (please check one):	Petitioner		_Respondent
Information about child #3: Date of Birth:	:	Sex:	
Child's Full Legal Name:			
Has the child's name ever been changed?			
If yes, list the child's name before it was	s changed:		
This is the child of (please check one):			
Information about child #4: Date of Birth:	:	Sex:	
Child's Full Legal Name:			
Has the child's name ever been changed?	Yes No		
If yes, list the child's name before it was			
This is the child of (please check one):	-		Respondent
Information about shild #5. Data of Birth		Sov.	
Information about child #5: Date of Birth: Child's Full Legal Name:		SCA.	
Has the child's name ever been changed?			
If yes, list the child's name before it was			
	Petitioner		_Respondent
Information about child #6: Date of Birth:		Sev.	
C1 111 F 111 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Has the child's name ever been changed?	Ves No		
If yes, list the child's name before it was			
This is the child of <i>(please check one)</i> :	Petitioner		Respondent
This is the child of (pieuse check one).	1 GHHOHEI		_ixespondent

If additional space is needed, please use another sheet of paper and attach it to this form.

Case Number: Section:

Dated:	
	Party's Signature
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	E-mail Address(es):
, ,	his form, he/she must fill in ALL the blanks below: oose only one}: () Petitioner () Respondent.
This form was completed with the a	
{name of business}	
{address}	
{city}	{state}, {telephone number}

5. The undersigned party acknowledges a continuing duty to inform the court of any cases

in this or any other state that could affect the current proceeding.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.902(b) FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM) (11/20)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used when you are involved in a family law case which requires a **financial affidavit** and your individual gross income is UNDER \$50,000 per year unless:

- (1) You are filing a simplified dissolution of marriage under rule 12.105 and both parties have waived the filing of a financial affidavit;
- (2) You have no minor children, no support issues, and have filed a written settlement agreement disposing of all financial issues; or
- (3) The court lacks jurisdiction to determine any financial issues.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. You should <u>file</u> this document with the <u>clerk of the</u> <u>circuit court</u> in the county where the <u>petition</u> was filed and keep a copy for your records.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney in your case within 45 days of being served with the petition, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (11/20)

pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "**bold underline**" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.285.

Special notes...

If you want to keep your address confidential because you have been found by a judge to be the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h).

The affidavit must be completed using **monthly** income and expense amounts. If you are paid or your bills are due on a schedule which is not monthly, you must convert those amounts. Hints are provided below for making these conversions.

Hourly - If you are paid by the hour, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Hourly amount	X	Hours worked per week	=	Weekly amount
Weekly amount	X	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	Monthly Amount
Daily - If you are paid b	y the da	y, you may convert your i	ncome	to monthly as follows:
Daily amount	X	Days worked per week	=	Weekly amount
Weekly amount	X	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	Monthly Amount
Weekly - If you are paid	by the	week, you may convert yo	our inco	ome to monthly as follows:
Weekly amount	X	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	Monthly Amount

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (11/20)

Bi-weekly - If you are paid every two weeks, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Bi-weekly amount x 26 = Yearly amount Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = **Monthly Amount**

Semi-monthly - If you are paid twice per month, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:

Semi-monthly amount x 2 = Monthly Amount

Expenses may be converted in the same manner.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	ELLAS COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.: Division:
	DIVISION.
Petitioner, and	
, Respondent.	
nespondent.	
	ICIAL AFFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM)
(Under \$50,000	O Individual Gross Annual Income)
	, being sworn, certify that the following
information is true:	Employed by
	Employed by:
Business Address: () every week	() every other week () twice a month () monthly
() other:	() every other week () twice a month () monthly
SECTION I. PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS INC All amounts must be MONTHLY. See the ir	nstructions with this form to figure out money amounts for more paper, if needed. Items included under "other" should
1. \$ Monthly gross salary or wages	3
	ns, allowances, overtime, tips, and similar payments
corporations, and/or independ	n sources such as self-employment, partnerships, close dent contracts (gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary income) (Attach sheet itemizing such income and expenses.)
4 Monthly disability benefits/SS	I
5 Monthly Workers' Compensat	ion
6 Monthly Unemployment Com	pensation
7 Monthly pension, retirement,	or annuity payments
8 Monthly Social Security benef	its
9 Monthly alimony actually rece	eived (Add 9a and 9b)
9a. From this case: \$	
9b. From other case(s): \$	_
10 Monthly interest and dividend	ls
11. Monthly rental income (gross	receipts minus ordinary and necessary expenses

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (11/20)

		required to produce income) (Attach sheet itemizing such income and expense items.
12.		Monthly income from royalties, trusts, or estates
13.		Monthly reimbursed expenses and in-kind payments to the extent that they reduce personal living expenses
14.		Monthly gains derived from dealing in property (not including nonrecurring gains)
15.		Any other income of a recurring nature (list source)
16.		
17.	\$_	TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS INCOME (Add lines 1–16)
PRE	ESEI	NT MONTHLY DEDUCTIONS:
18.	\$_	Monthly federal, state, and local income tax (corrected for filing status and allowable dependents and income tax liabilities)
	a.	Filing Status
	b.	Number of dependents claimed
19.		Monthly FICA or self-employment taxes
20.		Monthly Medicare payments
21.		Monthly mandatory union dues
22.		Monthly mandatory retirement payments
23.		Monthly health insurance payments (including dental insurance), excluding portion paid for any minor children of this relationship
24.		Monthly court-ordered child support actually paid for children from another relationship
25.		Monthly court-ordered alimony actually paid (Add 25a and 25b)
		25a. from this case: \$
		25b. from other case(s): \$
26.	\$_	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS ALLOWABLE UNDER SECTION 61.30, FLORIDA STATUTES
		(Add lines 18 through 25)
27.	Ś	PRESENT NET MONTHLY INCOME (Subtract line 26 from line 17)

SECTION II. AVERAGE MONTHLY EXPENSES

Proposed/Estimated Expenses. If this is a dissolution of marriage case **and** your expenses as listed below do not reflect what you actually pay currently, you should write "estimate" next to each amount that is estimated.

A. HOUSEHOLD:			
Mortgage or rent		OTHER EXPENSES NOT LISTE	D ABOVE
Property taxes		othing	\$
Utilities		edical/Dental (uninsured)	\$
Telephone	\$ Gi	rooming	\$
Food	,	ntertainment	\$
Meals outside home		ifts	\$
Maintenance/Repairs	\$ Re	eligious organizations	\$
Other:		iscellaneous	\$
	Ot	ther:	\$
B. AUTOMOBILE	. <u> </u>		\$
Gasoline	<u> </u>		\$
Repairs	<u></u>		\$
Insurance	\$		\$
/	_		\$
C. CHILD(REN)'S EXPENSES	†		
Day care	\$		
Lunch money	,	PAYMENTS TO CREDITORS	
Clothing	Ş CF	REDITOR:	MONTHLY
Grooming	Ş		PAYMENT
Gifts for holidays	<u> </u>		\$
Medical/Dental (uninsured)	\$		\$
Other:	\$		\$
	_		\$
D. INSURANCE			Ş
Medical/Dental (if not listed on	<u> </u>		Ş
lines 23 or 45)	\$		Ş
Child(ren)'s medical/dental	\$		Ş
Life	\$		Ş
Other:	\$		Ş
			\$

28. \$	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (add ALL monthly amounts in A through F above)
SUMMARY	
29. \$ _	TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY NET INCOME (from line 27 of SECTION I. INCOME)
30. \$ _	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (from line 28 above)
31. \$	SURPLUS (If line 29 is more than line 30, subtract line 30 from line 29. This is the amount of your surplus. Enter that amount here.)
32. (\$	_) (DEFICIT) (If line 30 is more than line 29, subtract line 29 from line 30. This is the amount of your deficit. Enter that amount here.)

SECTION III. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Use the nonmarital column only if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage and you believe an item is "nonmarital," meaning it belongs to only one of you and should not be divided. You should indicate to whom you believe the item(s) or debt belongs. (Typically, you will only use this column if property/debt was owned/owed by one spouse before the marriage. See the "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms and section 61.075(1), Florida Statutes, for definitions of "marital" and "nonmarital" assets and liabilities.)

A. ASSETS:

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate item owned by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition	Current Fair	Nonmarital (check correct column)	
item owned by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). LIST ONLY LAST 4 DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBERS. Check the line next to any asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.	Market Value	Petitioner	Respondent
Cash (on hand)	\$		
Cash (in banks or credit unions)			
Stocks, Bonds, Notes			
Real estate: (Home)			
(Other)			
Automobiles			
Other personal property			
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)			
Other			
Check here if additional pages are attached.			
Total Assets (add next column)	\$		

B. LIABILITIES:

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate debt owed by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). LIST ONLY LAST 4 DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBERS. Check the line next to any debt(s) for		Nonmarital (check correct column)	
ACCOUNT NUMBERS. Check the line next to any debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.	Owed	Petitioner	Respondent
Mortgages on real estate: First mortgage on home	\$		
Second mortgage on home			
Other mortgages			
Auto loans			
Charge/credit card accounts			
Other			
Check here if additional pages are attached.			
Total Debts (add next column)	\$		

C. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:

INSTRUCTIONS: If you have any **POSSIBLE assets** (income potential, accrued vacation or sick leave, bonus, inheritance, etc.) or **POSSIBLE liabilities** (possible lawsuits, future unpaid taxes, contingent tax liabilities, debts assumed by another), you must list them here.

Contingent Assets	Possible		marital rect column)
Check the line next to any contingent asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.	Value	Petitioner	Respondent
	\$		
Total Contingent Assets	\$		

Contingent Liabilities	Possible		marital rect column)
Check the line next to any contingent debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.	Amount Owed	Petitioner	Respondent
	\$		
Total Contingent Liabilities	\$		

SECTION IV. CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES WORKSHEET

(Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(e), Child Support Guidelines Worksheet, MUST be filed with the court at or prior to a hearing to establish or modify child support. This requirement cannot be waived by the parties.)

I certify that a copy of					
() hand delivered	to the person(s) liste	ed below on {da	te}		·
Other party or his/h					
Name:					
Address:					
City, State, Zip: Telephone Number:					
Fax Number:					
E-mail Address(es): _					
`					
Dated:		Printed N Address: City, Stat Telephor Fax Num	e of Party Name: te, Zip: ne Number: ber: ddress(es):		
IF A NONLAWYER HE [fill in all blanks] This This form was compl {name of individual}	E LPED YOU FILL OUT form was prepared eted with the assista	Printed N Address: City, Stat Telephor Fax Num E-mail Ad THIS FORM, HE for the: {choose ince of:	Name: te, Zip: ne Number: ber: ddress(es): /SHE MUST FILL only one}() Pe	IN THE BLAN etitioner ()	KS BELOW: Respondent
IF A NONLAWYER HE [fill in all blanks] This This form was compl	E LPED YOU FILL OUT form was prepared eted with the assista	Printed N Address: City, Stat Telephor Fax Num E-mail Ad THIS FORM, HE for the: {choose ince of:	Name: te, Zip: ne Number: ber: ddress(es): /SHE MUST FILL only one}() Pe	IN THE BLAN etitioner ()	KS BELOW: Respondent

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULE OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.902(c) FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT (LONG FORM) (11/20)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used when you are involved in a family law case which requires a <u>financial affidavit</u> and your individual gross income is \$50,000 OR MORE per year unless:

- (1) You are filing a simplified dissolution of marriage under rule 12.105 and both parties have waived the filing of financial affidavits;
- (2) you have no minor children, no support issues, and have filed a written settlement agreement disposing of all financial issues; or
- (3) the court lacks jurisdiction to determine any financial issues.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form. You should then **file** this document with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where the **petition** was filed and keep a copy for your records.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be served on the other **party** in your case within 45 days of being served with the petition, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.285.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Special notes...

If you want to keep your address confidential because you have been found by a judge to be the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h).

The affidavit must be completed using **monthly** income and expense amounts. If you are paid or your bills are due on a schedule which is not monthly, you must convert those amounts. Hints are provided below for making these conversions.

Hourly - If you are paid by the hour, you may convert your income to monthly as follows: Hourly amount Hours worked per week Weekly amount Х Weekly amount 52 Weeks per year Yearly amount Х Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = **Monthly Amount** Daily - If you are paid by the day, you may convert your income to monthly as follows: Daily amount Days worked per week Weekly amount Х Weekly amount 52 Weeks per year Yearly amount Х Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year = **Monthly Amount** Weekly - If you are paid by the week, you may convert your income to monthly as follows: Weekly amount 52 Weeks per year Yearly amount Х Yearly amount ÷ 12 Months per year **Monthly Amount Bi-weekly** - If you are paid every two weeks, you may convert your income to monthly as follows: Bi-weekly amount Х Yearly amount Yearly amount 12 Months per year **Monthly Amount** Semi-monthly - If you are paid twice per month, you may convert your income to monthly as follows: Semi-monthly amount x 2 **Monthly Amount**

Expenses may be converted in the same manner.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF		JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	PINELLAS	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Ca	se No.:
		Div	vision:
	Petition	ner,	
	and		
	Responde	ent.	
			DAVIT (LONG FORM)
	(\$50,000 or	more Individual Gro	ss Annual Income)
I, {ful	l legal name}		, being sworn, certify
	the following information is true:		
SECT	ION I. INCOME		
	Лу age is:		
	Ny occupation is:		
	am currently		
_	Check all that apply] Unemployed		
а		mployment how soo	n you expect to be employed, and the pay
	you expect to receive:	•	
b	Employed by:		
	Address:		
	City, State, Zip code:		Telephone Number:
	Pay rate: \$ () every v		
	,	· ·	nge jobs soon, describe the change you
	Chack hara if you current	tly have more than a	ne job. List the information above for the
	second job(s) on a separate sh	•	•

c.	Employer from whom retired:					
	Address:					
	City, State, Zip code:		Telephone Number:			
LAST Y	EAR'S GROSS INCOME:	Your Income	Other Party's Income (if known)			
	YEAR	\$	\$			
PRESE	NT MONTHLY GROSS INCOME:					
All am	ounts must be MONTHLY. See th	ne instructions with this for	m to figure out money amounts for			
anythi	ng that is NOT paid monthly. Atta	ich more paper, if needed.	Items included under "other" should			
be liste	ed separately with separate dollar	amounts.				
1. Š	Monthly gross salary or wa	iges				
	Monthly bonuses, commiss		e, tips, and similar payments			
3		nployment, partnerships, close				
	corporations, and/or independent contracts (Gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary					
	expenses required to prod	uce income.)(Attach sheet i	temizing such income and expenses.)			
4	Monthly disability benefits	/SSI				
5	Monthly Workers' Comper	nsation				
6	Monthly Unemployment Compensation					
7	Monthly pension, retirement, or annuity payments					
8	Monthly Social Security be	nefits				
9	Monthly alimony actually r					
	9a. From this case: \$					
	9b. From other case(s): \$_					
10	Monthly interest and divid	ends				
11	Monthly rental income (gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary expenses required to					
	produce income) (Attach sheet itemizing such income and expense items.)					
	Monthly income from roya	lties, trusts, or estates				
13			to the extent that they reduce			
		Attach sheet itemizing each				
14	Monthly gains derived fror	n dealing in property (not in	ncluding nonrecurring gains)			
	Any other income of a recu		ce):			
15						
16	TOTAL PRESENT MONT					
17.\$_	IOIAL PRESENT MONT	HLY GROSS INCOME (Add I	lines 1 through 16.)			
DDECE	NT MONTHLY DEDUCTIONS:					
All am		ne instructions with this for	m to figure out money amounts for			
	Monthly federal, state, a	nd local income tax (correct	red for filing status and allowable			
-· - -	dependents and income		. 0 :			
	a. Filing Status	•				
	b. Number of dependent	ts claimed				
19.	Monthly FICA or self-em	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Monthly Medicare paym	•				
21	 Monthly mandatory unic					

	Monthly mandatory retirement payments Monthly health insurance payments (including dental insurance), excluding portion paid for
23	any minor children of this relationship
24.	Monthly court-ordered child support actually paid for children from another relationship
 25.	Monthly court-ordered alimony actually paid (Add 25a and 25b)
	25a. from this case: \$
	25b. from other case(s): \$
26. \$_	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS ALLOWABLE UNDER SECTION 61.30, FLORIDA STATUTES
	(Add lines 18 through 25.)
27. \$_	PRESENT NET MONTHLY INCOME
	(Subtract line 26 from line 17.)
SECTIO	ON II. AVERAGE MONTHLY EXPENSES
	sed/Estimated Expenses. If this is a dissolution of marriage case and your expenses as listed
	do not reflect what you actually pay currently, you should write "estimate" next to each amount
that is	s estimated.
HOUS	EHOLD:
	Monthly mortgage or rent payments
	Monthly property taxes (if not included in mortgage)
3	Monthly insurance on residence (if not included in mortgage)
	Monthly condominium maintenance fees and homeowner's association fees
5	Monthly electricity
6	Monthly water, garbage, and sewer
	Monthly telephone
	Monthly fuel oil or natural gas
	Monthly repairs and maintenance
	Monthly lawn care
	Monthly pool maintenance
12.	Monthly pest control
13.	Monthly misc. household
	Monthly food and home supplies
	Monthly meals outside home
	Monthly cable t.v.
17.	Monthly alarm service contract
18.	Monthly service contracts on appliances
	Monthly maid service
Other	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25. \$	SUBTOTAL (Add lines 1 through 24.)

	AUTO	MOBILE:
26.	\$	Monthly gasoline and oil
		Monthly repairs
28.		Monthly auto tags and emission testing
		Monthly insurance
		Monthly payments (lease or financing)
31.		Monthly rental/replacements
32.		Monthly alternative transportation (bus, rail, car pool, etc.)
33.		Monthly tolls and parking
34.		Other:
35.	\$	SUBTOTAL (Add lines 26 through 34.)
		Y EXPENSES FOR CHILDREN COMMON TO BOTH PARTIES:
36.	\$	Monthly nursery, babysitting, or day care
		Monthly school tuition
38.		Monthly school supplies, books, and fees
		Monthly after school activities
40.		Monthly lunch money
		Monthly private lessons or tutoring
42.		Monthly allowances
		Monthly clothing and uniforms
44.		Monthly entertainment (movies, parties, etc.)
		Monthly health insurance
46.		Monthly medical, dental, prescriptions (nonreimbursed only)
47.		Monthly psychiatric/psychological/counselor
48.		Monthly orthodontic
49.		Monthly vitamins
50.		Monthly beauty parlor/barber shop
51.		Monthly nonprescription medication
52.		Monthly cosmetics, toiletries, and sundries
53.		Monthly gifts from child(ren) to others (other children, relatives, teachers, etc.)
54.		Monthly camp or summer activities
55.		Monthly clubs (Boy/Girl Scouts, etc.)
56.		Monthly time-sharing expenses
		Monthly miscellaneous
58.	\$	SUBTOTAL (Add lines 36 through 57.)
MC	NTHLY	Y EXPENSES FOR CHILD(REN) FROM ANOTHER RELATIONSHIP
		n court-ordered child support)
59.	\$	
60.		
61.		
62.		
63.	\$	SUBTOTAL (Add lines 59 through 62.)

MONTHLY	INSURANCE:
64. \$	Health insurance (if not listed on lines 23 or 45)
65	Life insurance
66	Dental insurance.
Other:	
67	
68.	
69. \$ _	SUBTOTAL (Add lines 66 through 68, exclude lines 64 and 65.)
OTHER MO	ONTHLY EXPENSES NOT LISTED ABOVE:
	Monthly dry cleaning and laundry
	Monthly clothing
	Monthly medical, dental, and prescription (unreimbursed only)
73	Monthly psychiatric, psychological, or counselor (unreimbursed only)
74	Monthly non-prescription medications, cosmetics, toiletries, and sundries
75	Monthly grooming
76	_ Monthly gifts
	_ Monthly pet expenses
78	_ Monthly club dues and membership
	_ Monthly sports and hobbies
80	_ Monthly entertainment
	_ Monthly periodicals/books/tapes/CDs
82	_ Monthly vacations
83	_ Monthly religious organizations
84	Monthly bank charges/credit card fees
85	_ Monthly education expenses
	Other: (include any usual and customary expenses not otherwise mentioned in the items listed above)
87.	
89.	
90 . \$	SUBTOTAL (Add lines 70 through 89.)
balances). MONTHLY 91. \$	PAYMENTS TO CREDITORS: (only when payments are currently made by you on outstanding List only last 4 digits of account numbers. PAYMENT AND NAME OF CREDITOR(s):
92	
93	
94	
95	
96	
9/	
98	
99	
100	
101	
102	

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Long Form) (11/20)

103	
104. \$	SUBTOTAL (Add lines 91 through 103.)
105. \$	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES:
	(Add lines 25, 35, 58, 63, 69, 90, and 104 of Section II, Expenses.)
SUMMARY	
106. \$	TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY NET INCOME (from line 27 of SECTION I. INCOME)
107. \$	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (from line 105 above)
108. \$	SURPLUS (If line 106 is more than line 107, subtract line 107 from line 106. This is the amount of your surplus. Enter that amount here.)
109. (\$)(DEFICIT) (If line 107 is more than line 106, subtract line 106 from line 107. This is the amount of your deficit. Enter that amount here.)

SECTION III. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

A. ASSETS (This is where you list what you OWN.)

INSTRUCTIONS:

<u>STEP 1</u>: In column A, list a description of each separate item owned by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). Blank spaces are provided if you need to list more than one of an item.

<u>STEP 2</u>: If this is a petition for dissolution of marriage, check the line **in Column A** next to any item that you are requesting the judge award to you.

STEP 3: In column B, write what you believe to be the current fair market value of all items listed.

<u>STEP 4</u>: Use column C only if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage and you believe an item is "nonmarital," meaning it belongs to only one of you and should not be divided. You should indicate to whom you believe the item belongs. (Typically, you will only use Column C if property was owned by one spouse before the marriage. See the "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms and section 61.075(1), Florida Statutes, for definitions of "marital" and "nonmarital" assets and liabilities.)

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) LIST ONLY LAST FOUR DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBERS.	B Current Fair Market Value	C Nonmarital (Check correct column)	
Check the line next to any asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.	value	Petitioner	Respondent
Cash (on hand)	\$		
Cash (in banks or credit unions)			
Stocks/Bonds			
Notes (money owed to you in writing)			
Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)			
Real estate: (Home)			
(Other)			
Business interests			
Automobiles			
Boats			
Other vehicles			

Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)		
Furniture & furnishings in home		
Furniture & furnishings elsewhere		
Collectibles		
Jewelry		
Life insurance (cash surrender value)		
Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment		
Other assets:		
Total Assets (add column B)	\$	

B. LIABILITIES/DEBTS (This is where you list what you OWE.) INSTRUCTIONS:

<u>STEP 1</u>: In column A, list a description of each separate debt owed by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). Blank spaces are provided if you need to list more than one of an item.

<u>STEP 2</u>: If this is a petition for dissolution of marriage, check the line in Column A next to any debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.

STEP 3: In column B, write what you believe to be the current amount owed for all items listed.

<u>STEP 4</u>: Use column C only if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage and you believe an item is "nonmarital," meaning the debt belongs to only one of you and should not be divided. You should indicate to whom you believe the debt belongs. (Typically, you will only use Column C if the debt was owed by one spouse before the marriage. See the "General Information for <u>Self-Represented</u> Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms and section 61.075(1), Florida Statutes, for definitions of "marital" and "nonmarital" assets and liabilities.)

A LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) LIST ONLY LAST FOUR DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBERS.	LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) Current Amount Nonmarital Owed (Check correct column)		t column)
Check the line next to any debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.		Petitioner	Respondent
Mortgages on real estate: First mortgage on home	\$		
Second mortgage on home			
Other mortgages			
Charge/credit card accounts			
Auto Ioan			
Auto loan			
Bank/Credit Union loans			
Money you owe (not evidenced by a note)			
Judgments			
Other:			
Total Debts (add column B)	\$		

\$ Total Assets (enter total of Column B in Asset Table; Section A)
\$ Total Liabilities (enter total of Column B in Liabilities Table; Section B)
\$ TOTAL NET WORTH (Total Assets minus Total Liabilities)
(excluding contingent assets and liabilities)

D. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES INSTRUCTIONS:

C. NET WORTH (excluding contingent assets and liabilities)

If you have any **POSSIBLE assets** (income potential, accrued vacation or sick leave, bonus, inheritance, etc.) or **POSSIBLE liabilities** (possible lawsuits, future unpaid taxes, contingent tax liabilities, debts assumed by another), you must list them here.

A Contingent Assets	B Possible Value	C Nonmarital (Check correct column)	
Check the line next to any contingent asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.		Petitioner	Respondent
	\$		
Total Contingent Assets	\$		

A Contingent Liabilities	B Possible Amount	C Nonmarital (Check correct column)	
Check the line next to any contingent debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.	Owed	Petitioner	Respondent
	\$		
Total Contingent Liabilities	\$		

E. CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES WORKSHEET. Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(e), Child Support Guidelines Worksheet, MUST be filed with the court at or prior to a hearing to establish or modify child support. This requirement cannot be waived by the parties.

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Long Form) (11/20)

establishment or modification A Child Support Guideline modification of child support support certify that a copy of this financial	s Worksheet IS NOT being filed in this case. The establishment or t is not an issue in this case. affidavit was [check all used]: () e-mailed () mailed, () faxed
() hand delivered to the person(s	listed below on {date}
Other party or his/her attorney:	
Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip: Telephone Number:	
Fax Number:	
E-mail Address(es):	
Dated:	Signature of Party Printed Name: Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	relephone Number.
	Fax Number:
	E-mail Address(es):
[fill in all blanks] This form was prep This form was completed with the a {name of individual}	
{name of business}	
{address}	
	}, {telephone number}

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.932 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY DISCLOSURE (11/20)

When should this form be used?

<u>Mandatory disclosure</u> requires each <u>party</u> in a family matter to provide the other party with certain financial information and documents. These documents must be served on the other party within 45 days of <u>service</u> of the initial petition or supplemental petition for modification on the <u>respondent</u>. The mandatory disclosure rule applies to all original and <u>supplemental</u> cases, except simplified dissolution of marriage cases and cases where the respondent is served by <u>constructive service</u> and does not answer. You should use this form to notify the court and the other party that you have complied with the mandatory disclosure rule.

Each party must provide the other party with the documents listed in section 2 of this form if the relief being sought is permanent regardless of whether it is an initial or supplemental proceeding. ONLY THE COMPLETED FORM IS FILED WITH THE COURT. EXCEPT FOR THE FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT AND CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES WORKSHEET, NO DOCUMENTS SHALL BE FILED IN THE COURT FILE WITHOUT A PRIOR COURT ORDER. THE DOCUMENTS LISTED ON THE FORM ARE TO BE GIVEN TO THE OTHER PARTY. If your individual gross annual income is under \$50,000, you should complete the Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b). If your individual gross annual income is \$50,000 or more, you should complete the Family Law Financial Affidavit (Long Form), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c).

In addition, there are separate mandatory disclosure requirements that apply to **temporary financial hearings**, which are listed in section 1 of this form. The party seeking temporary financial relief must serve these documents on the other party with the notice of temporary financial hearing. The responding party must serve the required documents on the party seeking temporary relief. Any documents that have already been served under the requirements for temporary or initial proceedings do not need to be reserved again in the same proceeding. If a supplemental petition is filed, seeking modification, then the mandatory disclosure requirements begin again.

You must state with specificity the documents that you are producing to the other party. References to account numbers and personal identifying information are governed by Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.425, which you should review prior to completing this form.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> this document with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records. A copy of this form must be served on any other party in your case. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

What should I do next?

After you have provided the other party all of the financial information and documents and have filed this form certifying that you have complied with this rule, you are under a continuing duty to promptly give the other party any information or documents that change your financial status or that make the information already provided inaccurate. You should not file with the clerk any of the documents listed in the certificate of compliance other than the financial affidavit and the child support guidelines worksheet. Refer to the instructions regarding the <u>petition</u> in your case to determine how you should proceed after filing this form.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in **bold underline** in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.285.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure (11/20)

Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Special notes...

You may provide copies of required documents; however, the originals must be produced for inspection if the other party requests to see them.

Although the financial affidavits are based on individual gross income, either party may ask the other party to complete the **Family Law Financial Affidavit (Long Form)**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c), by serving the appropriate interrogatory form. (See **Standard Family Law Interrogatories**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.930(b) (original proceedings) or (c) (modification proceedings)).

Any portion of the mandatory disclosure rule may be modified by order of the <u>judge</u> or agreement of the parties. Therefore, you and the other party may agree that you will not require each other to produce the documents required under the mandatory disclosure rule. This exception does **not** apply to the **Financial Affidavit**, Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c), which is required in all cases and cannot be waived.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 6TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR PINELLAS COUNTY, FLORIDA
Case No.: Division:
Petitioner,
and
Respondent.
CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY DISCLOSURE
ONLY THE COMPLETED FORM IS FILED WITH THE COURT. EXCEPT FOR THE FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT AND CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES WORKSHEET, NO DOCUMENTS SHALL BE FILED IN THE COURT FILE WITHOUT A PRIOR COURT ORDER. THE DOCUMENTS LISTED BELOW ARE TO BE GIVEN TO THE OTHER PARTY.
I, {full legal name}, certify that I have complied with the mandatory disclosure required by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285 as follows:
FOR TEMPORARY FINANCIAL RELIEF, ONLY: The date the following documents were served: [Check all that apply. State with specificity the documents being produced; if sufficient space is not provided, you may attach additional papers with this form and refer to them in the space provided.]
a Financial Affidavit Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) (short form) Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c) (long form)
 b All complete federal and state personal income tax, gift tax, and foreign tax returns for the past 3 years; including all attachments, including IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1, and all accompanying schedules and worksheets comprising the entire tax return; or Transcript of tax return as provided by IRS form 4506-T; or IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1 for the past year because the income tax return for the past year has not been prepared; and for any of the prior 2 years beyond the past year if tax returns for any of those years have not been filed. c Pay stubs or other evidence of earned income for the 6 months before the compliance
with the disclosure requirements for temporary relief. The following are produced:

1.

2.	FOR INITIAL	, SUPPLEMENTAL, AND PERMANENT FINANCIAL RELIEF:
۷.		lowing documents were served:
	[Check all that a	pply. State with specificity the documents being produced; if sufficient space is not ay attach additional papers with this form and refer to them in the space provided.]
	a. Fir	nancial Affidavit
	· 	Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) (short form) Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c) (long form)
	b All	complete federal and state personal income tax, gift tax, and foreign tax returns, for the past 3 years; including all attachments, including IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1, and all accompanying schedules and worksheets comprising the entire tax return;
		Transcript of the tax return as provided by IRS form 4506-T; or IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1 for the past year because the income tax return for the past year has not been prepared; and for any of the prior 2 years beyond the past year if tax returns for any of those years have not been filed.
	cPa	y stubs or other evidence of earned income for the 6 months before the compliance with these disclosure requirements for initial or supplemental proceedings. The following are produced:
	d A	statement identifying the source and amount of all income for the 6 months before the compliance with these disclosure requirements for initial or supplemental proceedings, if not reflected on the pay stubs produced. The following are produced:
	e <i>,</i>	All loan applications, financial statements, credit reports, or any other form of financial disclosure, including financial aid forms, prepared for any purpose or used for any purpose within the 24 months preceding the compliance with these disclosure requirements for initial or supplemental proceedings. The following are produced:
	f	All deeds to real estate in which I presently own or owned an interest within the past 3 years. All promissory notes or other documents evidencing money owed to me or my spouse at any time within the last 24 months. All leases, whether in my name individually, in my name jointly with any other person or entity, in my name as trustee or guardian for a party or a minor or adult dependent child of both parties, or in someone else's name on my behalf wherein either party (A) is receiving or has received payments at any time within the last 3 years, or (B) owns or owned an interest. The following are produced:

g.	 All perio	odic statements for the last 12 months for all checking accounts and for the last year for all savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit, etc., whether in my name individually, in my name jointly with any other person or entity, in my name as trustee or guardian for a party or a minor or adult dependent child of both parties, or in someone else's name on my behalf; and for all accounts that have check-writing privileges, copies of canceled checks and registers, whether written or electronically maintained. The following are produced:
h.		cerage account statements for the last 12 months, in either party's name individually or jointly with any person or entity, or as a trustee or guardian for a party or a minor or adult dependent child of both parties, or in someone else's name on my behalf; and for all accounts that have checkwriting privileges, copies of canceled checks and registers, whether written or electronically maintained. The following are produced:
i.	 Most re	ecent statement and statements for the past 12 months for any pension, profit sharing, deferred compensation, or retirement plan (for example, IRA, 401(k), 403(b), SEP, KEOGH, etc.) and summary plan description for any such plan in which I am a participant or an alternate payee receiving payments. The following are produced:
j.	 Most re	ecent statement and statements for the past 12 months for any virtual currency transactions in which either party participated within the last 12 months or holds an interest in, either individually, jointly with any other person or entity, as trustee or guardian for a party or minor or adult dependent child of both parties or in someone else's name on my behalf, and a listing of all current holdings of virtual currency. The following are produced:
k.	 The de	claration page, the last periodic statement, statements for the past 12 months and the certificate for any group insurance for all life insurance policies insuring my life or the life of my spouse. The following are produced:

All health and dental insurance cards covering either me or my spouse and/or our dependent child(ren). The following are produced:
Corporate, partnership, and trust tax returns for the last 3 tax years, in which I have an ownership or interest. The following are produced:
All credit card and charge account statements and other records showing my (our) indebtedness as of the date of the filing of this action and for the prior 24 months preceding compliance with these disclosure requirements for initial or supplemental proceedings. All promissory notes on which I presently owe or owned within the past 24 months, whether paid or not. All lease agreements I presently owe, either in my name individually, jointly with any other person or entity, in my name as trustee or guardian for a party or a minor or adult dependent child of both parties, or in someone else's name on my behalf. The following are produced:
All premarital and marital agreements between the parties to this case, and all affidavits and declaration of non-paternity or judgments of disestablishment of paternity for any minor or dependent children born or conceived during the marriage. The following are produced:
If a modification proceeding, all written agreements entered into between the parties at any time since the order to be modified was entered. The following are produced:
All documents relating to claims for an unequal distribution of marital property, enhancement or appreciation in nonmarital property, or nonmarital status of ar asset or debt. The following are produced:
Any court order directing that I pay or receive spousal support (alimony) or child support. The following are produced:

Other party or his/her attorney:	
Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Telephone Number :	
Fax Number:	
E-mail Address(es):	
Under penalties of perjury, I declare	e that I have read this document and the facts stated in it are true.
Dated:	
	Signature of Party
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	E-mail Address(es):
	OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
	ared for the: {choose only one } Petitioner Respondent
This form was completed with the as	
{name of individual}	<i></i>
{name of business}	
{address}	·
{city} {state}	. {zip code} . {telephone number} .

WAIVER OF MANDATORY DISCLOSURE

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Rule 12.285, Florida Family Court Rules of Procedure, requires that each party to any Dissolution of Marriage action which may involve some financial/asset issues (except those cases specifically filed as a Simplified Dissolution of Marriage) provide certain documentation to the other party so that each will be fully informed about the financial circumstances of the opposition for settlement discussions and so that sufficient evidence may be presented to the Court for a proper decision on the financial issues if the case is not settled before trial. The Rule specifically lists the documents to be provided (known in general as "discovery"), at what stage of the proceeding disclosure must be made, and the extent of the disclosure necessary based upon the income and expenses of each party.

In many cases, however, it is not necessary to provide all of the documents listed in the Rule. This is usually when the parties have agreed by written Marital Settlement Agreement to a resolution of all of the potentially contested issues and are satisfied that the Agreement is fair to each and that each fully understood the financial circumstances of the opposing party at the time of making the Agreement. In those cases, the parties can agree to waive most of the disclosure requirements of Rule 12.285 (the requirement that each party file a completed Financial Affidavit cannot be waived and the Affidavit must be filed).

If both you and your spouse fit into the above category of litigants you may file a Waiver of Mandatory Disclosure with the Court. If you agree to waive everything (except the Financial Affidavit), check every line on the form. If you agree to waive only part of the "mandatory" disclosure, check only those items that each of you agree do not need to be reviewed before you appear in Court. The form needs to be signed by **both** you and your spouse.

Signing and filing the Waiver of Mandatory Disclosure form, however, does not guarantee that the documents will not be needed. The Judge or General Master who hears your case may want additional information before he/she can find that the Marital Settlement Agreement is, in fact, legally fair and equitable to both you and your spouse or is otherwise acceptable to the Court. Although this will not be known until the hearing, filing the Waiver of Mandatory Disclosure, if you are satisfied with your level of understanding, will be beneficial to the Court and will possibly avoid unnecessary delay in the proceedings.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR $\underline{\mbox{PINELLAS}}$ COUNTY, FLORIDA

	REF: UCN:
	Division:
	Petitioner,
	and
	Respondent.
41	WAIVER OF MANDATORY DISCLOSURE
mandato the requi	The undersigned parties to this action, pro se or through counsel, hereby waive the ry disclosure required by Rule 12.285, Fla. Fam. L.R.P., as follows, acknowledging that irement to file a financial affidavit cannot be waived: FOR TEMPORARY RELIEF: t apply]
a	 . () All personal (1040) federal tax, gift tax, and intangible personal property tax returns for the preceding year; or () Transcript of tax return as provided by IRS form 4506; or () IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1 for past year because the income tax return for
b	the past year has not been prepared; Pay stubs or other evidence of earned income for the 3 months before the service of
(II.) F	, Provide (10) Arms and almost the locality, and
	intangible personal property tax returns for the preceding 3 years; or () IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1 for past year because the income tax return for the past year has not been prepared;
b	Pay stubs or other evidence of earned income for the 3 months before the service of the financial affidavit.
c.	A statement identifying the source and amount of all income for the 3 months before the service of the financial affidavit, if not reflected on the pay stubs produced.
d.	
e.	
f.	All periodic statements for the last 3 months for all checking accounts and for the last year for all savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit, etc.
g. h.	All brokerage account statements for the past 12 months. Most recent statement for any pension, profit sharing, deferred compensation, or retirement plan (for example, IRA, 401(k), 403(b), SEP, KEOGH, etc.) and summary

	plan description for any such plan is payee.	n which the other party is a participant or alternate
i.	The declarations page, the last per	iodic statement, and the certificate for any group ies insuring my life or the life of my spouse.
j.	All health and dental insurance ca dependent child(ren).	rds covering either me or my spouse and/or our
<u>k.</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	x returns for last 3 tax years, in which the other reater than or equal to 30%.
1.	indebtedness as of the date of the fi promissory notes on which the other All lease agreements either party pre	
m.	_	ts between the parties to this case; itten agreements entered into between the parties
	at any time since the order to be mod	dified was entered.
0.	nonmarital status of an asset or debt.	ence relating to claims for special equity or
p.	Any court order directing that either child support.	party pay or receive spousal support (alimony) or
Petitioner		Respondent
Date		Date
IF A NO WHO HE	NLAWYER HELPED YOU FILE LPED YOU MUST FILL IN THE	L OUT THIS FORM, THE NONLAWYER BLANKS BELOW:
I. {name o	f nonlawver}	, a nonlawyer, located at
{street}		{city} {state}
{phone}	, helped {name}	{city} {state}, who is the condent, fill out this form.
[check one	e only] petitioner or resp	pondent, fill out this form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(f)(2)

MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY BUT NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN) (02/18)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used when a **Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but no Dependent or Minor Child(ren)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.901(b)(2), has been <u>filed</u> and the **parties** have reached an agreement on some or all of the issues at hand.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. **Both** parties must sign the agreement and have their signatures witnessed by a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. After completing this form, you should file the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the <u>petition</u> was filed and keep a copy for your records. You should then refer to the instructions for your petition, <u>answer</u>, or answer and <u>counterpetition</u> concerning the procedures for setting a hearing or <u>trial</u> (<u>final hearing</u>).

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in <u>bold underline</u> in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes, and the instructions for the petition and/or answer that were filed in this case.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial

Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you **must** review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Special notes...

This form does not act to transfer title to the property. Such transfer must be done by deed or supplemental final judgment.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.:
In re: The Marriage of:	
and	
, Respondent.	

ILIDICIAL CIDCUIT

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE

MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY BUT NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN)

We, {Petitioner's full legal name}	, and {Respondent's full
legal name}	, being sworn, certify that the following
statements are true:	
We were married to each other on {date}	

- 2. Because of irreconcilable differences in our marriage (no chance of staying together), we have made this agreement to settle once and for all what we owe to each other and what we can expect to receive from each other. Each of us states that nothing has been held back, that we have honestly included everything we could think of in listing our assets (everything we own and that is owed to us) and our debts (everything we owe), and that we believe the other has been open and honest in writing this agreement.
- 3. We have both filed a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Because we have voluntarily made full and fair disclosure to each other of all our assets and debts, we waive any further disclosure under rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.
- 4. Each of us agrees to execute and exchange any papers that might be needed to complete this agreement, including deeds, title certificates, etc.

SECTION I. MARITAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

- **A. Division of Assets.** We divide our assets (everything we own and that is owed to us) as follows: Any personal item(s) not listed below is the property of the party currently in possession of the item(s).
 - 1. Petitioner shall receive as his/her own and Respondent shall have no further rights or responsibilities regarding these assets:

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) PETITIONER SHALL RECEIVE Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account described below is in one spouse's name or both spouses' names.	Current Fair Market Value
Cash (on hand)	\$
Cash (in banks/credit unions)	
Stocks/Bonds	
Notes (money owed to you in writing)	
Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)	
Real estate: (Home)	
(Other)	
Business interests	
Automobiles	
Boats	
Other vehicles	
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)	
Furniture & furnishings in home	
Turniture & furnishings in nome	
Furniture & furnishings elsewhere	
Collectibles	
Jewelry	

Life insurance (cash surrender value)	
Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment	
Other assets	
Total Assets to Petitioner	\$

2. Respondent shall receive as his/her own and Petitioner shall have no further rights or responsibilities regarding these assets.

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) RESPONDENT SHALL RECEIVE Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account described below is in one spouse's name or both spouses' names.	
Cash (on hand)	\$
Cash (in banks/credit unions)	
Stocks/Bonds	
Notes (money owed to you in writing)	
Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)	
Deal astata (Hawa)	
Real estate: (Home)	
(Other)	
Pusinoss interests	
Business interests	
Automobiles	
Boats	
Other vehicles	
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)	
Furniture & furnishings in home	
Furniture & furnishings elsewhere	
Collectibles	
Jewelry	

Life insurance (cash surrender value)		
Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment		
Other assets		
Total Assets to Respondent	\$	

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) PETITIONER SHALL RECEIVE Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account described below is in one spouse's name or both spouses' names.	Current Fair Market Value
Cash (on hand)	\$
Cash (in banks/credit unions)	
Stocks/Bonds	
Notes (money owed to you in writing)	
Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)	
Real estate: (Home)	
(Other)	
Business interests	
Automobiles	
Boats	
Other vehicles	
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)	
Furniture & furnishings in home	
Turniture & furnishings in nome	
Furniture & furnishings elsewhere	
Collectibles	
Jewelry	

Life insurance (cash surrender value)	
Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment	
Other assets	
Total Assets to Petitioner	\$

2. Respondent shall receive as his/her own and Petitioner shall have no further rights or responsibilities regarding these assets.

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) RESPONDENT SHALL RECEIVE Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account described below is in one spouse's name or both spouses' names.	Current Fair Market Value
Cash (on hand)	\$
Cash (in banks/credit unions)	
Stocks/Bonds	
Notes (money owed to you in writing)	
Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)	
Deal astata (Hawa)	
Real estate: (Home)	
(Other)	
Pusinoss interests	
Business interests	
Automobiles	
Boats	
Other vehicles	
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)	
Furniture & furnishings in home	
Furniture & furnishings elsewhere	
Collectibles	
Jewelry	

Life insurance (cash surrender value)	
Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment	
Other assets	
Total Assets to Respondent	\$

- **B. Division of Liabilities/Debts.** We divide our liabilities (everything we owe) as follows:
- 1. Petitioner shall pay as his/her own the following and will not at any time ask Respondent to pay these debts/bills:

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) TO BE PAID BY PETITIONER Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any mortgage, note, or account described below is in one spouse's name or in both spouses' names.	Monthly Payment	Current Amount Owed
Mortgages on real estate: (Home)	\$	\$
(Other)		
Charge/credit card accounts		
Auto loan		
Auto loan		
Bank/credit union loans		
Money you owe (not evidenced by a note)		
Judgments		
Other		

- **B. Division of Liabilities/Debts.** We divide our liabilities (everything we owe) as follows:
- 1. Petitioner shall pay as his/her own the following and will not at any time ask Respondent to pay these debts/bills:

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) TO BE PAID BY PETITIONER Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any mortgage, note, or account described below is in one spouse's name or in both spouses' names.	Monthly Payment	Current Amount Owed
Mortgages on real estate: (Home)	\$	\$
(Other)		
Charge/credit card accounts		
Auto loan		
Auto loan		
Bank/credit union loans		
Money you owe (not evidenced by a note)		
Judgments		
Other		

2. Respondent shall pay as his/her own the following and will not at any time ask Petitioner to pay these debts/bills:

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) TO BE PAID BY RESPONDENT Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any mortgage, note or account described below is one spouse's name, or in both spouses' names.	Monthly Payment	Current Amount Owed
Mortgages on real estate: (Home)	\$	\$
(Other)		
Charge/credit card accounts		
Auto loan		
Auto loan		
Bank/credit union loans		
Money you owe (not evidenced by a note)		
Judgments		
Other		
Total Debte to De Deid by Description	6	6
Total Debts to Be Paid by Respondent	\$	\$

D. Beneficiary Designation (Complete only if beneficiary designations continue after entry of Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage.)
The spouses agree that the designation providing for the payment or transfer at death of an intere in the assets set forth below to or for the benefit of the deceased party's former spouse SHALL NOT E VOID as of the date of entry of the Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage.
The Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage shall provide that the designations set forth below remain full force and effect:
1. ThePetitionerRespondent shall acquire or maintain the following assets for the benefit of the other spouse or child(ren) to be paid upon his/her death outright or in trust. This provision only applies if other assets fulfilling such requirement for the benefit of the other spouse or child(ren) on the exist upon his/her death and unless precluded by statute. <i>{Describe the assets wis specificity}:</i>
2. ThePetitionerRespondent shall not unilaterally terminate or modify the ownersh of the following assets, or their disposition upon his/her death. {Describe the assets with specificity}:
SECTION II. SPOUSAL SUPPORT (ALIMONY) (If you have not agreed on this matter, write n/a on the lines provided.)
 Each of us forever gives up any right to spousal support (alimony) that we may have. OR
2Petitioner Respondent (hereinafter "Obligor") agrees to pay spousal support (alimony) in the amount of \$ every week other week month, or beginning {date} and continuing until {date or event}
Explain type of alimony (permanent, bridge-the-gap, durational, rehabilitative, and/or lump sum) and any other specifics:

3.	Other provisions relating to alimony, including any tax treatment and consequences:
4.	Petitioner Respondent will provide life insurance in the amount of to secure the above support.
SECTIO	N III. OTHER
SECTIO	N IV. We have not agreed on the following issues:

I certify that I have been open and honest in entering into this settlement agreement. I am satisfied with this agreement and intend to be bound by it.

Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	_ by
Sworm to or arminica and signica scrote me on	
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or
	clerk.]
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
	FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the	
This form was completed with the assistance of	f:
{name of individual}	
{name of business}	<i>-</i>
{address}	
Scitul Statel Szin codel	Stalanhana numbarl

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2), Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (02/18)

I certify that I have been open and honest in entering into this settlement agreement. I am satisfied with this agreement and intend to be bound by it.

Dated:	
	Signature of Respondent
	Printed name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone number:
	Fax number
	Designated E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
IE A NONI AWYER HEI DED VOIT EILL OUT THIS	FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the	
This form was completed with the assistance of	·
·	
{name of individual}	
{name of business} {address}	<i>_</i>
{city} {state} {zin code	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2), Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (02/18)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(i), AFFIDAVIT OF CORROBORATING WITNESS (02/18)

When should this form be used?

This form may be used to corroborate residency in a <u>dissolution of marriage</u> proceeding. To get a dissolution (divorce) in Florida, either party must have lived in Florida for at least 6 months before filing the petition. Residency may be corroborated by a valid Florida's driver's license, Florida identification card, or voter's registration card (issue date of document must be at least 6 months before the date the case is actually filed with the clerk of the circuit court), or the testimony or <u>affidavit</u> of someone other than you or your spouse. This form is used to corroborate residency by affidavit. The person signing this form must know that you have lived in the State of Florida for at least 6 months before the date you filed your **petition** for dissolution of marriage.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink, and signed in the presence of a **notary public** or **deputy clerk**. After completing this form, you should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where the petition was filed and keep a copy for you records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not **served** on him or her with your initial papers.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of

Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "bold underline" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
In re: The Marriage of:	Case No.:
	Division:
Petitioner,	
and	
AFFIDAVIT OF CO	RROBORATING WITNESS
I, {full legal name}	, being sworn, certify that the followin
statements are true: I have known {name}	sinc
{approximate date}; to the	e best of my understanding the petition in this action wa
	now of my own personal knowledge that this person ha
resided in the State of Florida for at least 6 mo	nths immediately prior to the date of filing of the petitior
imprisonment.	vingly making a false statement includes fines and/o
Dutcu.	Signature of Corroborating Witness
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	

IF A NONLA	WYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM	I, HE/SHE MUST	Γ FILL IN THE BLAN	NKS BELOW:
[fill in all bla	nks]			
This form wa	as prepared for the: {choose only one } _	Affiant	Petitioner	Respondent
This form wa	as completed with the assistance of:			
{name of ind	dividual}			
{name of bu	siness}			,
				,
{city}	,{state}, {zip code}	, {telephon	e number}	·

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(a) DISCLOSURE FROM NONLAWYER (11/12)

When should this form be used?

This form must be used when anyone who is **not** a lawyer in good standing with The Florida Bar helps you complete any Florida Family Law Form. Attorneys who are licensed to practice in other states but not Florida, or who have been disbarred or suspended from the practice of law in Florida, are nonlawyers for the purposes of the Florida Family Law Forms and instructions.

The nonlawyer must complete this form and both of you are to sign it before the nonlawyer assists you in completing any Family Law Form.

In addition, on any other form with which a nonlawyer helps you, the nonlawyer shall complete the nonlawyer section located at the bottom of the form unless otherwise specified in the instructions to the form. This is to protect you and be sure that you are informed in advance of the nonlawyer's limitations.

What should I do next?

A copy of this disclosure, signed by both the nonlawyer and the person, must be given to the person to retain and the nonlawyer must keep a copy in the person's file. The nonlawyer shall also keep copies for at least 6 years of all forms given to the person being assisted.

Special Notes

This disclosure form does **NOT** act as or constitute a waiver, disclaimer, or limitation of liability.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), Disclosure from Nonlawyer (11/12)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE IN AND FOR	
	Case No.:
Petitioner,	
and	
, Respondent.	
DISCLOSURE FR	OM NONLAWYER
{Name} and may not give legal advice, cannot tell me what my ri in court, and cannot represent me in court.	told me that he/she is a nonlawyer ghts or remedies are, cannot tell me how to testify
Rule 10-2.1(b) of the Rules Regulating The Flori under the supervision of a member of The Florida Bar an legal work for which a member of The Florida Bar is remay call themselves paralegals. {Name}_defined by the rule and cannot call himself/herself a page 1.5 miles a page 2.5 miles a page 2.5 miles a page 3.5	esponsible. Only persons who meet the definition _, informed me that he/she is not a paralegal as
<i>[Name]</i> , told me that he/sl by me in writing into the blanks on the form. Except for may not tell me what to put in the form and may not co	ne may only type the factual information provided typing, {name},
approved by the Supreme Court of Florida, {name}	
may ask me factual questions to fill in the blanks on the	e form and may also tell me how to file the form.
{Choose one only} I can read English I cannot read English, but this disclosure was re {name} in {language}	ead to me [fill in both blanks] by
Dated:	
Buteu.	Signature of Party
	Signature of NONLAWYER
	Printed Name:Name of Business:
	Address:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.910(a)

SUMMONS: PERSONAL SERVICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL (11/20)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used to obtain **personal service** on the other **party** when you begin your lawsuit. **Service** is required for **all** documents filed in your case. Service means giving a copy of the required papers to the other party using the procedure that the law requires. Generally, there are two ways to make service: (1) personal service, or (2) service by email, mail, or hand delivery. A third method for service is called **constructive service**; however, the relief a court may grant may be limited in a case where constructive service has been used.

The law requires that certain documents be served by **personal service** if personal service is possible. **Personal service** means that a summons (this form) and a copy of the forms you are filing with the court that must be personally served are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server

- a. directly to the other party, or
- b. to someone over the age of fifteen with whom the other party lives.

Personal service is required for **all <u>petitions</u>**, including petitions for modification. You cannot serve these papers on the other party yourself or by mail or hand delivery. Personal service must be made by the sheriff's department in the county where the other party lives or works or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives or works.

In many counties, there are private process servers who, for a fee, will personally serve the summons and other documents that require personal service. You should look under **process servers** in the yellow pages of the telephone book for a list of private process servers in your area. You may use a private process server to serve any paper required to be personally served in a family law case **except** a petition for injunction for protection against domestic or repeat violence.

How do I start?

When you begin your lawsuit, you need to complete this form (summons) and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). The forms should be typed or printed legibly in black ink. Next, you will need to take these forms and, if you have not already done so, **file** your petition with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where you live. You should keep a copy of the forms for your records. The clerk will sign the summons, and then the summons, a copy of the Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (11/20)

papers to be served, and the process service memorandum must be delivered to the appropriate sheriff's office or to a private process server for service on the other party.

IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN THE COUNTY WHERE SUIT IS FILED: Ask the clerk in your county about any local procedures regarding service. Generally, if the other party lives in the county in which you are filing suit and you want the sheriff's department to serve the papers, you will file the summons along with a Process Service Memorandum, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), with the clerk and the clerk will forward those papers to the sheriff for service. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons. You may also need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. However, in some counties the sheriff may send the proof of service directly to the clerk. If you are instructed to supply a self-addressed, stamped envelope and you receive the proof of service, you should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office and have the clerk sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

If THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN ANOTHER COUNTY: If the other party lives in another county, service needs to be made by a sheriff in the county where the other party lives or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons as well as the Process Service Memorandum, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). If you want the sheriff to serve the papers, the clerk may send your papers to that sheriff's office for you, or you may have to send the papers yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. Either way, you will need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. You should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office where the clerk will sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (11/20)

private process server must be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

If THE OTHER PARTY CANNOT BE LOCATED OR DOES NOT LIVE IN FLORIDA: If, after you have made a diligent effort to locate the other party, you absolutely cannot locate the other party, you may serve the other party by publication. Service by publication is also known as **constructive service**. You may also be able to use constructive service if the other party does not live in Florida. However, Florida courts have only limited jurisdiction over a party who is served by constructive service and may have only limited jurisdiction over a party living outside of Florida regardless of whether that party is served by constructive or personal service; that is, the judge's power to order the other party to do certain things may be limited. For example, the judge may be able to grant your request for a divorce, but the judge may not be able to address issues such as child support, spousal support (alimony), or division of property or debts.

Regardless of the t	ype of service used, if the	e other party once lived in Florida but is living outsi	de of Florida
now, you should in	clude in your petition a st	tatement regarding the length of time the party live	ed in Florida,
if any, and when.	For example: "Respond	dent last lived in Florida from {date}	to
{date}	<u>"</u> ."		

This area of the law is very complex and you may need to consult with an attorney regarding the proper type of service to be used in your case if the other party does not live in Florida or cannot be located.

What happens when the papers are served on the other party?

The date and hour of service are written on the original summons and on all copies of it by the person making the service. The person who delivers the summons and copies of the petition must file a proof of service with the clerk or provide a proof of service to you for filing with the court. It is your responsibility to make sure the proof of service has been returned to the clerk and placed in your case file.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be filed with the court and served on the other party or his or her attorney. The copy you are serving to the other party must be either mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to the opposing party or his or her attorney on the same day indicated on the certificate of service. If it is mailed, it must be postmarked on the date indicated in the certificate of service. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (11/20)

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by email, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please CAREFULLY read the rules and instructions for: Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information regarding service of process, see chapters 48 and 49, Florida Statutes, and Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.070, as well as the instructions for Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage (No Child or Financial Support), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(1), Notice of Action for Family Cases with Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a)(2), Affidavit of Diligent Service and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b), and Affidavit of Diligent Search, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(c).

Special notes...

If you have been unable to obtain proper service on the other party within **120 days** after filing your lawsuit, the court will dismiss your lawsuit against the other party unless you can show the court a good reason why service was not made within **120 days**. For this reason, if you had the local sheriff serve the papers, you should check with the clerk every couple of weeks after completing the service papers to see if service has been completed. You may need to supply the sheriff with a new or better address. If you had a private process server or a sheriff in another county serve the papers, you should be in contact with

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (11/20)

that person or sheriff until you receive proof of service from that person or sheriff. You should then file the proof of service with the clerk immediately.

If the other party fails to respond, i.e., fails to file a written response with the court, within **20 days** after the service of the summons, you are entitled to request a <u>default</u>. See the instructions to **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922 (a), and **Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), for further information. You will need to file an **Affidavit of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(b), before a default may be granted.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF	THE6	TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	PINELLAS	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:
		Division:
	,	
Petitioner	,	
and		
	,	
Responden	t.	
CHMMONG, DE	DCONAL CED	VICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL
		CIO PERSONAL EN UN INDIVIDUO
		RSONAL SUR UN INDIVIDUEL
GITTION ETION	untillion i Li	NOTIFIE SOR ON INDIVIDUE
TO/PARA/A: {enter other party's full leg	ıal name}	
		}
	IMPORT	ΓΑΝΤ
		endar days after this summons is served on you to tion with the clerk of this circuit court, located at:
{street address}		
A phone call will not protect you. Your names of the parties, must be filed if you		ise, including the case number given above and the urt to hear your side of the case.

If you do not file your written response on time, you may lose the case, and your wages, money, and property may be taken thereafter without further warning from the Court. There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may call

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (11/20)

If you choose to file a written response yourself, at the same time you file your written response to the Court, you must also serve a copy of your written response on the party serving this summons at: {Name and address of party serving summons} If the party serving summons has designated email address(es) for service or is represented by an attorney, you may designate email address(es) for service by or on you. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. Copies of all court documents in this case, including orders, are available at the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office. You may review these documents, upon request. You must keep the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office notified of your current address. (You may file Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915.) Future papers in this lawsuit will be mailed to the address on record at the clerk's office. WARNING: Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires certain automatic disclosure of documents and information. Failure to comply can result in sanctions, including dismissal or striking of pleadings. IMPORTANTE Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene veinte (20) dias, contados a partir del recibo de esta notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Localizado en:
If the party serving summons has designated email address(es) for service or is represented by an attorney, you may designate email address(es) for service by or on you. Service must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. Copies of all court documents in this case, including orders, are available at the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office. You may review these documents, upon request. You must keep the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office notified of your current address. (You may file Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915.) Future papers in this lawsuit will be mailed to the address on record at the clerk's office. WARNING: Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires certain automatic disclosure of documents and information. Failure to comply can result in sanctions, including dismissal or striking of pleadings. IMPORTANTE Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene veinte (20) dias, contados a partir del recibo de esta notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Localizado en:
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Court's office. You may review these documents, upon request. You must keep the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office notified of your current address. (You may file Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915.) Future papers in this lawsuit will be mailed to the address on record at the clerk's office. WARNING: Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires certain automatic disclosure of documents and information. Failure to comply can result in sanctions, including dismissal or striking of pleadings. IMPORTANTE Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene veinte (20) dias, contados a partir del recibo de esta notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Localizado en:
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aparecen en la gala telefonica.
Si desea responder a la demanda por su cuenta, al mismo tiempo en que presente su respuesta ante el tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o entregar una copia de su respuesta a la persona denominada abajo.
Si usted elige presentar personalmente una respuesta por escrito, en el mismo momento que usted presente su respuesta por escrito al Tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o llevar una copia de su respuesta por escrito a la parte entregando esta orden de comparencencia a:
Nombre y direccion de la parte que entrega la orden de comparencencia:

Copias de todos los documentos judiciales de este caso, incluyendo las ordenes, estan disponibles en la

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (11/20)

oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito [Clerk of the Circuit Court's office]. Estos documentos pueden ser revisados a su solicitud.

Usted debe de manener informada a la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito de su direccion actual. (Usted puede presentar _____ el Formulario: Ley de Familia de la Florida 12.915, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, [Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address].) Los papelos que se presenten en el futuro en esta demanda judicial seran env ados por correo a la direccion que este registrada en la oficina del Secretario.

ADVERTENCIA: Regla 12.285 (Rule 12.285), de las Reglas de Procedimiento de Ley de Familia de la Florida [Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure], requiere cierta revelacion automatica de documentos e informacion. El incumplimient, puede resultar en sanciones, incluyendo la desestimacion o anulacion de los alegatos.

IMPORTANT

date de l'assignation de cette citation pour de	contre vous. Vous avez 20 jours consecutifs a partir de la poser une reponse ecrite a la plainte ci-jointe aupres de ce
tribunal. Qui se trouve a: {L'Adresse} insuffisant pour vous proteger; vous etes ob numero de dossier ci-dessus et du nom des par votre cause. Si vous ne deposez pas votre rep cause ainsi que votre salaire, votre argent, et vulterieur du tribunal. Il y a d'autres obligations	. Un simple coup de telephone est liges de deposer votre reponse ecrite, avec mention du ties nommees ici, si vous souhaitez que le tribunal entende onse ecrite dans le delai requis, vous risquez de perdre la os biens peuvent etre saisis par la suite, sans aucun preavis juridiques et vous pouvez requerir les services immediats ocat, vous pourriez telephoner a un service de reference
	reponse ecrite, il vous faudra egalement, en meme temps une copie au carbone ou une photocopie de votre reponse i.
Nom et adresse de la partie qui depose cette c	itation:
Les photocopies de tous les documents tribui au bureau du greffier. Vous pouvez revue ces	nals de cette cause, y compris des arrets, sont disponible documents, sur demande.
<u> </u>	ctuelle. (Vous pouvez deposer Florida Supreme Court on of Current Mailing and Email Address.) Les documents resse que vous donnez au bureau du greffier.
remette certains renseignements et certains	ocedure du droit de la famille de la Floride exige que l'on documents a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir s le rejet ou la suppression d'un ou de plusieurs actes de
remette certains renseignements et certains pourra donner lieu a des sanctions, y compris	documents a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir
remette certains renseignements et certains pourra donner lieu a des sanctions, y compris procedure. THE STATE OF FLORIDA	documents a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir
remette certains renseignements et certains pourra donner lieu a des sanctions, y compris procedure. THE STATE OF FLORIDA TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are comm	documents a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir s le rejet ou la suppression d'un ou de plusieurs actes de
remette certains renseignements et certains pourra donner lieu a des sanctions, y compris procedure. THE STATE OF FLORIDA TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are commin this lawsuit on the above-named person.	documents a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir s le rejet ou la suppression d'un ou de plusieurs actes de
remette certains renseignements et certains pourra donner lieu a des sanctions, y compris procedure. THE STATE OF FLORIDA TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are commin this lawsuit on the above-named person. DATED:	documents a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir sele rejet ou la suppression d'un ou de plusieurs actes de nanded to serve this summons and a copy of the complaint

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), Summons: Personal Service on an Individual (11/20)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.910(b), PROCESS SERVICE MEMORANDUM (11/15)

When should this form be used?

You should use this form to give the sheriff's department (or private process server) instructions for serving the other <u>party</u> in your case with the <u>Summons: Personal Service on an Individual</u>, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), and other papers to be served. On this form you can tell the sheriff's department the best times to find the person at work and/or at home. You can also include a map to the other person's home or work place to help the sheriff find the person and deliver the summons. Do not forget to attach to the summons a copy of your initial petition and any other papers you want personally served on the other party.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your petition was filed and attach a copy to the **Summons: Personal Service on an Individual**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a). You should also keep a copy for your records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. You should read the instructions for Summons: Personal Service on an Individual, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), for additional information.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT

REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Special notes...

If you fear that disclosing your address would put you in danger because you are the victim of sexual battery, aggravated child abuse, stalking, aggravated stalking, harassment, aggravated battery, or domestic violence, you should complete a **Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), file it with the clerk, and write confidential in the space provided on the petition.

Nonlawyer. Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL C	IRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA	
		Case No.:	
		Division:	
	Petitioner,		
	and		
	Respondent,		
	PROCESS SERV	ICE MEMORANDUM	
TO:	Sheriff of	County, Florida:	Division
	Private process server:		
Please se	erve the {name of document(s)}		
in the ab	ove-styled cause upon:		
Party: {fu	ıll legal name}		
Address	or location for service:		
Work Ad	dress:		
•	rty to be served owns, has, and/or is known (s):		, describe what type
SPECIAL	INSTRUCTIONS:		
Dated: _			
		Signature of Party	
		*Printed Name:	
		*Address:	
		*City, State, Zip:	
		*Telephone Number: *Fax Number:	
		*Designated E-mail Address	
		Designated Lindii Address	,(C3)

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), Process Service Memorandum (11/15)

* Please see the Special Notes section in the instructions to this form regarding Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h), Request for Confidential Filing of Address, which may be used if you need to keep your addresses or telephone numbers confidential for safetyreasons.

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:	
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the Petitioner. This form was completed with the assista	nce
of:	
{name of individual}	
{name of business}	
{address}_	
{city}, {state}, {zip code}, {telephone number}	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORMS 12.922(a), MOTION FOR DEFAULT, AND 12.922(b), DEFAULT (11/15)

When should these forms be used?

If the other <u>party</u> has failed to <u>file</u> or <u>serve</u> any documents within 20 days after the date of service of your <u>petition</u>, you may ask the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> to enter a <u>default</u> against him or her by filling out this form and filing it with the court. Generally, a default allows you to obtain an earlier <u>final hearing</u> to finish your case. Once the default is signed by the clerk, you can request a <u>trial</u> or final hearing in your case.

To obtain a default, you will need to complete <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a). You will then need to file your motion for default along with the **Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), so that the clerk can enter a default for you if your motion is proper.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should file the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you filed your petition and keep a copy for your records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

What should I do next?

After the default has been entered, you must ask for a hearing, so that the <u>judge</u> can consider your petition. To do this, you must contact the clerk's office, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial assistant</u> to schedule a hearing and file a **Notice of Hearing (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, with the clerk. A copy of the notice of hearing must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand-delivered to each party in the case. **You must send a notice of final hearing to the defaulted party.**

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must

review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see Florida Rules of Civil Procedure 1.500, concerning defaults and Rule 1.140, concerning the time within which a party can file an answer or other responsive pleading to a petition. See also Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.080.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE _	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,			
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA			
	Case No.:			
	Division:			
Petitioner,				
and				
, Respondent,				
nespondent,				
MOTIO	N FOR DEFAULT			
TO THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT:				
PLEASE ENTER A DEFAULT AGAINST RESPOND	DENT WHO HAS FAILED TO RESPOND TO THE PETITION.			
I certify that a copy of this document was () delivered to the person(s) listed below on {data	mailed () faxed and mailed () e-mailed () hand- te}			
Other party or his/her attorney:				
Name:				
Address:				
City, State, Zip: Fax Number:				
Designated E-mail Address(es):				
	Signature of Party			
	Printed Name:			
	Address:			
	City, State, Zip: Telephone Number:			
	Fax Number:			
	Designated E-mail Address(es):			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:					
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose only one } () Petitioner () Respondent					
This form was completed with the assistance of:					
{name of individual }	,				
{name of business}	_,				
{address}					
{city}, {state}, {zip code},{telephone number}	٠.				

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE _ IN AND FOR	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA			
	Case No.:			
	Division:			
Petitioner,				
and				
, Respondent,				
1	DEFAULT			
A default is entered in this action against Posn	ondent for failure to serve or file a response or any			
paper as is required by law.	ondent for failure to serve of file a response of any			
Dated:				
(CEAL)	CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT			
(SEAL)				
	Ву:			
	Deputy Clerk			
I certify that a copy of this document was () delivered to the person(s) listed below on {data	mailed () faxed and mailed () e-mailed () hand- te}			
Other party or his/her attorney:				
Name:Address:				
City, State, Zip:				
Fax Number:				
Designated E-mail Address(es):				
				
	Signature of Party			
	Printed Name:			
	Address:City, State, Zip:			
	Telephone Number:			
	Fax Number:			
	Designated E-mail Address(es):			

F A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:	
fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose only one } () Petitioner () Respondent	
his form was completed with the assistance of:	
name of individual }	,
name of business}	_,
{address}	
city}, {state}, {zip code},{telephone number}	٠.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.912(b), AFFIDAVIT OF MILITARY SERVICE (11/15)

When should this form be used?

An Affidavit of Military Service is required in every case where the Respondent has not filed an answer or appearance. The purpose is to protect the men and women serving in the U.S. military from having a court judgment entered against them without first receiving notice of the lawsuit and a chance to defend the case.

You should use this form when ALL of the following statements are true:

- The other person in your case has been served, whether by **personal service** or **constructive service**.
- The other person in your case has not responded to your petition.
- You are requesting that the court enter a default judgment against the other person.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You must <u>file</u> the original of this form with the <u>clerk of the circuit</u> <u>court</u> when you file your <u>Motion for Default</u>, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a). You must also attach copies of all verifications of nonmilitary service that you received from each branch of the United States' military service. You should keep a copy for your records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:
		Division:
Petition	, ner,	
and		
Respon	dent,	
	AFFIDAVIT OF	MILITARY SERVICE
	egal name}	
Relief A		i judgment and to comply with the Servicemembers and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940), I swear or affirm
{Please	choose only one}	
	I know of my own personal knowledge of the United States.	that the Respondent IS on active duty in the mili
service within member active o	of the United States, nor has the Respond a period of thirty (30) days immediatel ers of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Coast Gu	at Respondent IS NOT now on active duty in the milident been on active military service of the United Stally before this date. "Active Service" includes researd, and Marines who have been ordered to report Guard who have been ordered to report to active or
	btained certificates showing that the Res	he United States and the U.S. Public Health Service pondent is not on active duty status. These certifications
	·	ry status of the Respondent, but do not have suffic ine whether or not Respondent is on active duty in

I have no reason to believe that s/he is on active duty at this time.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this affidavit and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:		
	Signature of	of Petitioner
	Printed Na	me:
	Address:	
	City, State,	Zip:
		Number:
		er:
		d E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	_	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before	e me on	by
	NOTARY P	UBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type clerk.]	e, or stamp commissioned name of notary or
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced _		·
		/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepare		er.
This form was completed with the assis		
{name of individual},		
{name of business}		
{address}		
{city},{state}	_, {zip code}	,{telephone number}

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.923, NOTICE OF HEARING (GENERAL) (11/15)

When should this form be used?

Anytime you have set a hearing before a **judge**, you must send notice of the **hearing** to the other party.

IMPORTANT: If your hearing has been set before a general magistrate, you should use **Notice of Hearing Before General Magistrate**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.920(c). If your hearing has been set before a child support enforcement hearing officer, you should use **Notice of Hearing (Child Support Hearing Officer)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.921.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where your case was filed and keep a copy for your records.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-FILING

The Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all petitions, pleadings, and documents be filed electronically except in certain circumstances. **Self-represented litigants may file petitions or other pleadings or documents electronically; however, they are not required to do so.** If you choose to file your pleadings or other documents electronically, you must do so in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.525, and you must follow the procedures of the judicial circuit in which you file. **The rules and procedures should be carefully read and followed.**

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed, e-mailed, or hand delivered to the other party in your case. If a <u>default</u> has been entered, you must still send this form to the other party to notify the other party of the <u>final hearing</u>.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING E-SERVICE ELECTION

After the initial service of process of the petition or supplemental petition by the Sheriff or certified process server, the Florida Rules of Judicial Administration now require that all documents required or permitted to be served on the other party must be served by electronic mail (e-mail) except in certain circumstances. You must strictly comply with the format requirements set forth in the Rules of Judicial Administration. If you elect to participate in electronic service, which means serving or receiving pleadings by electronic mail (e-mail), or through the Florida Courts E-Filing Portal, you must review Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516. You may find this rule at www.flcourts.org through the link to the Rules of Judicial Administration provided under either Family Law Forms: Getting Started, or Rules of Court in the A-Z Topical Index.

SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS MAY SERVE DOCUMENTS BY E-MAIL; HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT REQUIRED TO DO SO. If a self-represented litigant elects to serve and receive documents by e-mail, the procedures must always be followed once the initial election is made.

Instructions for Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, Notice of Hearing (General) (11/15)

To serve and receive documents by e-mail, you must designate your e-mail addresses by using the **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, and you must provide your e-mail address on each form on which your signature appears. Please **CAREFULLY** read the rules and instructions for: **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914; **Designation of Current Mailing and E-mail Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915; and Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. For further information on serving notices of hearing, see rule 1.090(d), Florida Civil Rules of Procedure.

Special notes...

To set a hearing date and time, you will usually have to make a good-faith effort to coordinate a mutually convenient date and time for you, the other parties in the case, and the judge, except in certain emergency situations. Some circuits may have additional procedural requirements that you must follow when you notify the court and other parties of your scheduled hearing. Therefore, before you complete this form, you should contact the clerk's office, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial assistant</u> for information regarding the proper procedure to follow.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Casa No :
	Case No.:
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent,	
NOTICE OF HEA	RING (GENERAL)
[fill in all blanks]	
TO: {name of other party}:	
on {date} at {time} m., in Room	of the
hour(s)/ minutes have been reserved	for this hearing.
This part is to be filled out by the court or to be fill	ed in with information you obtained from the court
If you are a person with a disability who needs any	, accompandation in audoute neutricinate in this
•	the provision of certain assistance. Please contact:
proceeding, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to	the provision or certain assistance. Hease contact.
{identify applicable court personnel by name, addi your scheduled court appearance, or immediately the scheduled appearance is less than 7 days; if yo	•
the selectured appearance is less than 7 days, if yo	a die nearing of voice impanea, can 711.
If you are represented by an attorney or plan to ret attorney of this hearing.	ain an attorney for this matter, you should notify the
If this matter is resolved, the moving party shall cor	ntact the judge's office to cancel this hearing.

I certify that a copy of this document was (to the person(s) listed below on {date}) faxed () hand-delivered		
Other party or his/her attorney:						
Name:						
Address:						
City, State, Zip:						
Fax Number:						
Designated E-mail Address(es):						
						
	Signature o	f Party				
	Printed Nar	ne:				
	Address:					
	City, State,	Zip:				
		Designated E-mail Address(es):				
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THI						
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for t	=	lly one }()F	etitioner () Respondent		
This form was completed with the assistance						
{name of individual}						
{name of business}						
{address}(state)(zip.co				<i>_</i>		
{city}, {state}, {zip co	ue}	, {telephon	e number}			

	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE _	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
	IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:
		Division:
IN RE:	The Marriage of:	
	Datition on	
	Petitioner,	
	and	
	Respondent.	
	FINAL HIDGMENT OF D	ISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH
	•	
NO I	PROPERTY OR DEPENDENT	OR MINOR CHILD(REN) (UNCONTESTED)
		ng on a Petition for Dissolution of Marriage. The Court,
_	sions of law:	nony, makes these findings of fact and reaches these
0011010	5.6.15 61.14.11	
FINDIN	NGS:	
1.	The Court has jurisdiction over the su	shiect matter and the narties
	•	
2.	at least one party has been a residen immediately before filing the Petition	nt of the State of Florida for more than 6 months on for Dissolution of Marriage.
3.	The parties have no minor or depend	lent children in common, no children born to either spouse
	during the marriage remain minor or	dependent, and neither spouse is pregnant.
4.	The marriage between the parties is	irretrievably broken.
5.	There are no marital assets or marita	I liabilities for the court to divide.
6.	{If applicable} Petitioner	Respondent requests that his/her former name of
J.		he restored

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED:

A. The marriage between the parties is dissolved and the parties are restored to the status of being single.

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.990(b)(3), Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage with No Property or Minor Child(ren) (Uncontested) (02/18)

В.	Petitioner's	Respondent's former name of	
{fu	ıll legal name}		is restored.
C.	The court reserves j	jurisdiction to modify and enforce th	is final judgment.
DONE .	AND ORDERED in	, Florida, on	<u> </u>
		CIRCUIT JUDGE	
		_	riage was mailedfaxed and d below on {date}
		by <i>{Clerk</i>	c of court or designee}
	ner (or his or her atto	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•	ndent (or his or her at	• •	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.990(b)(3), Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage with No Property or Minor Child(ren) (Uncontested) (02/18)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.:
In Re: The Marriage of:	Division:
Petitioner,	
and	
, Respondent.	
Respondent.	

FINAL JUDGMENT OF DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY BUT NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN)

This cause came before this Court for a trial on a Petition for Dissolution of Marriage. The Court, having reviewed the file and heard the testimony, makes these findings of fact and reaches these conclusions of law:

FINDINGS:

- 1. The Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter and the parties.
- 2. At least one party has been a resident of the State of Florida for more than 6 months immediately before filing the Petition for Dissolution of Marriage.
- 3. The parties have no minor or dependent children in common, no children born to either spouse during the marriage remain minor or dependent, and neither spouse is pregnant.
- 4. The marriage between the parties is irretrievably broken.

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED:

SECTION I. DISSOLUTION AND RESTORATION

A. The marriage between the parties is dissolved and the parties are restored to the status of being single.

{	full legal name}	is restored.
SECTI	ON II. MARITAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	
A.	Date of Valuation of Property. The assets and indicated. The date of valuation of these assets and li 1 date of filing petition for dissolution of marria 2 date of separation 3 date of final hearing 4 other: {specify date}	abilities is, unless otherwise indicated: age

Petitioner's

Respondent's former name of

B. Division of Assets.

B. Former Name. {If applicable}

1. **The assets listed below are nonmarital assets.** Each party shall keep, as his or her own, the assets found to be nonmarital, and the other party shall have no further rights or responsibilities regarding these assets.

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers.	Current Fair Market Value	Petitioner's Non-marital Property	Respondent's Non-marital Property
	\$	\$	\$
Total Nonmarital Assets	\$	\$	\$

2. The assets listed below are marital assets. Each party shall keep, as his or her own, the assets awarded in this section, and the other party shall have no further rights or responsibilities regarding these assets. Any personal item(s) not listed below are awarded to the party currently in possession or control of the item(s).

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers.	Current Fair Market Value	Petitioner Shall Receive	Respondent Shall Receive
Cash (on hand or in banks/credit unions)	\$	\$	\$
Stocks/bonds			
Notes			
Business interests			
Real estate: (Home)			
Automobiles			
Boats			
Furniture & furnishings			
Jewelry			
Life insurance (cash surrender value) Retirement Plans (Profit sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)			
Other assets			

Total Marital Assets	\$ \$	\$

C. Division of Liabilities/Debts.

1. **The liabilities listed below are nonmarital liabilities** and, therefore, are owed as indicated. Each party shall owe, as his or her own, the liabilities found to be nonmarital, and the other party shall have no responsibilities regarding these debts.

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers)	Current Amount Owed	Petitioner's Non- marital Liability	Respondent's Non- marital Liability
	\$	\$	\$
Total Nonmarital Liabilities	\$	\$	\$

2. **The liabilities listed below are marital liabilities** and are divided as indicated. Each party shall hold the other party harmless and pay, as his or her own, the marital liabilities awarded below.

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) Please describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers.	Current Amount Owed	Petitioner Shall Pay	Respondent Shall Pay
Mortgages on real estate: (Home)	\$	\$	\$
(Other)			
Charge/credit card accounts			
Auto loan			
Auto loan			
Bank/Credit Union loans			
Other			
Other			
Total Marital Liabilities	\$	\$	\$
D. Contingent assets and liabilities will be divided as for			
E. The distribution of assets and liabilities in this final j receive approximately one-half, the distribution is based	-	-	

	eneficiary Designation (By completing this section, the beneficiary designations continue after ntry of Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage.)
be	ne designation providing for the payment or transfer at death of an interest in the assets described elow to or for the benefit of the deceased party's former spouse is NOT VOID as of the date of ntry of the Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage.
	ne Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage shall provide that the designations set forth below emain in full force and effect.
the pro	1. The Petitioner Respondent shall acquire or maintain the following assets for be benefit of the other spouse or child(ren) to be paid upon his/her death outright or in trust. This ovision only applies if other assets fulfilling such requirement for the benefit of the other spouse child(ren) do not exist upon his/her death and unless precluded by statute. {Describe the assets the specificity}
	2. The Petitioner Respondent shall not unilaterally terminate or modify the
	wnership of the following assets, or their disposition upon his/her death. {Describe the assets with specificity}
	III. EXCLUSIVE USE AND POSSESSION OF HOME ate all that apply}
-	The Petitioner Respondent , as a condition of support, shall have exclusive use and possession of the dwelling located at the following address:
l	until {date or event}
В.	ThePetitionerRespondent may make visits to the premises described in the paragraph above for the purpose of obtaining any items awarded in this Final Judgment. These visits shall occur after notice to the person granted exclusive use and possession of the dwelling and at the earliest convenience of both parties or as ordered in paragraph 4 below.
C.	Upon the termination of the right of exclusive use and possession, the dwelling shall be sold and the net proceeds divided% to Petitioner and% to Respondent, with the following credits and/or setoffs being allowed:

D	Other:
TION IV.	ALIMONY
A	The Court denies the request(s) for alimony
actu pres	OR The Court finds that Petitioner Respondent, (hereinafter Obligee), has lal need for, and that Petitioner Respondent (hereinafter Obligor) has the sent ability to pay, alimony as follows: icate all that apply}
	Permanent Periodic. The Court finds that no other form of alimony is fair and reasonable under the circumstances of the parties.
b.	As a marriage of: {Choose only one}
	Long Duration (17 years or greater) alimony is appropriate up consideration of all relevant factors;
	Moderate Duration (greater than 7 years but less than 17) alimony is appropriate based upon clear and convincing evidence after consideration of all relevant factors; or
	Short Duration (less than 7 years) alimony is appropriate based upon following exceptional circumstances:
6	Obliger shall now permanent periodic alimeny to Obligee in the amount of
	Obligor shall pay permanent periodic alimony to Obligee in the amount of \$ per month, payable in accordance with Obligor's employer's the property of the prop
	payroll cycle, and in any event, at least once a month or other {explain}:
	beginning {date} This alimony shall continue until modified by court order, the death of either party, or remarriage of Obligee, whichever occurs first. The alimony may be modified or terminated based upon either a substantial change in circumstances or the existence of a supportive relationship in accordance with section 61.14, Florida Statutes.

	per month, payable in accordance with Obligor's employer's payroll cycle,
	in any event, at least once a month or other {explain}
	inning {date}and continuing until {date}
-	eriod not to exceed two years}, the death of either party, or remarriage of the Obligee, chever occurs first.
3	Rehabilitative. Obligor shall pay rehabilitative alimony to Obligee in the amount of
	per month, payable in accordance with Obligor's employer's payroll cycle
	in any event, at least once a month orother {explain
	inning {date} This rehabilitative alimony shall continue until modified
	ourt order, the death of either party or until {date/event},
	chever occurs first. The rehabilitative plan presented demonstrated the following:
	_ Durational. Obligor shall pay durational alimony to Obligee in the amount of per month payable in accordance with Obligor's employer's payroll cycle, and
	event, at least once a month or {explain}
	ing {date} and terminating on {date}, the
death	of either party, remarriage of Obligee, or until modified by court order in accordance ction 61.08(7), Florida Statutes, whichever occurs first.
	_ Lump Sum. Obligor shall pay lump sum alimony to Obligee in the amount of, which shall be paid as follows:
	Retroactive. Obligor shall pay retroactive alimony in the amount of \$
	period of {date}, through {date}
	nall be paid pursuant to paragraph 4 below.
	or Awarding Denying Alimony. The Court has considered all of the following
	ding/denying alimony:
	tandard of living established during the marriage;
	uration of the marriage;
	ge and the physical and emotional condition of each party; nancial resources of each party, including, the nonmarital and the marital assets and
4. Ine	

and, when applicable, the time necessary for either party to acquire sufficient education or training to enable such party to find appropriate employment;

6. The contribution of each party to the marriage, including but not limited to services rendered.

5. The earning capacities, educational levels, vocational skills, and employability of the parties

- 6. The contribution of each party to the marriage, including, but not limited to, services rendered in homemaking, child care, education, and career building of the other party;
- 7. The tax treatment and consequences to both parties of any alimony award, including the designation of all or a portion of the payment as a nontaxable, nondeductible payment;
- 8. All sources of income available to either party, including income available to either party

through investments of any asset held by the party; and 9. Any other factor necessary to do equity and justice between the parties: {explain}
9. Any other factor necessary to do equity and justice between the parties. {explain}
Please indicate here if additional pages are attached.
D. Retroactive Alimony and/or Arrearages.
1 There is no alimony arrearage at the time of this Final Judgment.
OR
2 The Petitioner Respondent shall pay to the other party the sum of:
\$ for retroactive alimony, as of {date};
\$ for previously ordered unpaid alimony, as of {date} The total of \$ shall be paid in the amount of \$ per month, payable
in accordance with Obligor's employer's payroll cycle, and in any event at least once
month or other {explain}
beginning {date}, until paid in full including statutory interest.
E Life Insurance (to secure payment of support). To secure the alimony obligations set forth in
this judgment, Obligor shall maintain life insurance coverage on his/her life naming Obligee as the
sole irrevocable beneficiary, so long as reasonably available. This insurance shall be in the amount of
at least \$ and shall remain in effect until the obligation for alimony terminates.
FOther provisions relating to alimony, including any tax treatment and consequences:
1. The award of alimonydoes notdoes leave the Obligor with significantly less
net income than the net income of the recipient/Obligee. If yes, the court finds the
following exception circumstances:
··
2. Other:

SECTION V. METHOD OF PAYMENT
Obligor shall pay court-ordered alimony, including any arrearages, as follows:
A. Place of Payment.
1 Obligor shall pay court-ordered support directly to either the State Disbursement Unit
Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12 990(c)(2) Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage with

Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren)(02/18)

or th	e central depository, as required by statute, along with any fee required by statute.
di th Fl	Both parties have requested and the court finds that support payments need not be rected through either the State Disbursement Unit or the central depository at this time at his time; however, either party may subsequently apply, pursuant to section 61.13(1)(d)3, orida Statutes, to require payments through either the State Disbursement Unit or the entral depository.
B. Incom	e Deduction.
Inco resp Obli resp	Immediate. Obligor shall pay through income deduction, pursuant to a separate ome Deduction Order which shall be effective immediately. Obligor is individually consible for paying this support obligation until all of said support is deducted from igor's income. Until support payments are deducted from Obligor's paycheck, Obligor is consible for making timely payments directly to the State Disbursement Unit or the Obligee, previously set forth in this order.
deli occi find	Deferred. Income Deduction is ordered this day, but it shall not be effective until a nquency of \$, or, if not specified, an amount equal to one month's obligation urs. Income deduction is not being implemented immediately based on the following ings: There are no minor or dependent child(ren) common to the parties,
	AND
	There is proof of timely payment of a previously ordered obligation without an Income Deduction Order in cases of modification, AND
v C is	There is an agreement by the Obligor to advise the Title IV-D agency, the clerk of court, and the Obligee of any change in Payor and/or health insurance OR there is a signed written agreement providing an alternative arrangement between the Obligor and the Obligee and, at the option of the IV-D agency, by the IV-D agency in IV-D cases in which there is an assignment of support rights to the state, reviewed and entered in the record by the court.
other sim thereof c	is/one-time payments All% No income paid in the form of a bonus or inlar one-time payment, up to the amount of any arrearage or the remaining balance owed pursuant to this order, shall be forwarded to Obligee pursuant to the payment prescribed above.
D . Othe r	r provisions relating to method of payment.
SECTION VI.	ATTORNEY'S FEES, COSTS, AND SUIT MONEY
	Petitioner's Respondent's request(s) for attorney's fees, costs, and suit money is (are)

der	nied because	
	OR	
atto are	Petitioner Respondent is horney's fees, and \$ in content is horney's fees, and \$ in content is horney.	or and an ability to pay attorney's fees, costs, and suit money. ereby ordered to pay to the other spouse \$in osts. The Court further finds that the attorney's fees awarded per hour and reasonable hours. Other sts, and suit money are as follows:
SECTIO	N VII. OTHER PROVISONS	
Oth	her Provisions.	
The Co	urt reserves jurisdiction to modify and	d enforce this Final Judgment.
DONE A	AND ORDERED in	, Florida on
		CIRCUIT JUDGE
e	y that a copy of this Final Judgment e-mailed hand-delivered to the	of Dissolution was mailed faxed and mailed parties or entities listed below on
		by {Clerk of court or designee}
R C S	Petitioner (or his/her attorney) Respondent (or his/her attorney) Central depository State Disbursement Unit Other:	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.999 FINAL DISPOSITION FORM (03/17)

When should this form be used?

This form is filed by the <u>petitioner</u> or <u>respondent</u> for the use of the <u>clerk of the court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data under section 25.075, Florida Statutes. When your case is completed, the petitioner or respondent must complete this form and file it with the clerk.

What should I do next?

This form must be typed or printed in black ink. After completing and signing this form, you should then <u>file</u> it and keep a copy for your records.

A copy of this form must be e-mailed, mailed, or hand delivered to the other party(ies) in your case.

Instructions for completing this form

- **Lase Style.** Enter the name of the court, the case number assigned at the time of the filing of the petition, counterpetition, or motion, the name of the judge assigned, and the names of the petitioner and respondent.
- **II. Means of Final Disposition.** Place an "x" on the appropriate line before the major category and the appropriate subcategory, if applicable. The following are the definitions of the disposition categories.
 - A. Dismissed Before <u>Hearing</u> or <u>Trial.</u> The case is settled, voluntarily dismissed, or otherwise disposed of before a hearing or trial is held.
 - B. Dismissed Under Settlement, Before Hearing or Trial. Before hearing or trial, the case is voluntarily dismissed by the petitioner, respondent, or movant after a settlement.
 - C. Dismissal Under Mediated Settlement, Before Hearing or Trial. The case is voluntarily dismissed by the petitioner or respondent after a settlement is reached with mediation before a hearing or trial is held.
 - D. Other, Before Hearing or Trial. The case is dismissed before a hearing or trial in an action that does not fall into one of the other disposition categories on this form.
 - E. Dismissal Before Hearing or Trial. The case is dismissed by a judge voluntarily after a hearing or trial is held.

- F. Dismissed Under a Settlement, After Hearing or Trial. The case is voluntarily dismissed by the petitioner, respondent, or movant after a settlement is reached without mediation after a hearing or trial is held.
- G. Dismissal Under a Mediated Settlement, After Hearing or Trial. The case is voluntarily dismissed by the petitioner, respondent, or movant after a settlement is reached with mediation after a hearing or trial.
- H. Other, After Hearing or Trial. The case is dismissed after hearing in an action that does not fall into the categories listed on this form.
- I. Disposed by **Default.** A respondent chooses not to or fails to contest the petitioner's allegations and a judgment against the respondent is entered by the court.
- J. Disposed by Judge. A judgment or disposition is reached by the judge in a case that is not dismissed and in which no trial has been held. Includes stipulations by the parties, conditional judgments, summary judgment after hearing, and any manner in which a judgment is entered, excluding cases disposed of by default as in category I. above.
- K. Disposed by Nonjury Trial. The case is disposed as a result of a contested trial in which there is no jury and in which the judge determines both the issues of fact and the law in the case.
- L. Disposed by Jury Trial. Any part of the case is disposed as a result of a jury trial (considered the beginning of a jury trial to be when the jurors and alternates are selected and sworn).
- M. Other. The case is consolidated, submitted to mediation or arbitration, transferred, or otherwise disposed of by any other means not listed in categories (A) to (L).

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read **General Information for Self-Represented Litigants** found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in **bold underline** in these instructions are defined there.

FINAL DISPOSITION FORM

I. Case Style

	{Name of Court}	
{Petitioner}		{Case number}
{Respondent}		{Judge}
II. Means	s of Final Disposition	
Place an "x" or	n the line for the major category and	one subcategory, f applicable only.
		lement, before hearing or trial ed settlement before hearing or trial ial
		ettlement, after hearing or trial ediated settlement, after hearing or trial
	Disposed by default	
	Disposed by judge	
	Disposed by nonjury trial	
	Disposed by jury trial	
	Other {specify}	<u>.</u>
Date:		
		Signature of Attorney or Party Printed Name:
		Address:
		City, State, Zip:
		Telephone Number:
		E-mail address(es):

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL O	UT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST	FILL IN THE BLA	NKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepar	ed for the: {choose only one } () Petitioner () Respondent
This form was completed with the assi	istance of:		
{name of individual}			
{name of business}			
{address}			,
{city}	, {state} ,	{telephone num	ber} .

INSTRUCTIONS FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE REPORT (Form DH513)

THIS COMPLETED FORM SHOULD BE SUBMITTED TO THE CLERK PRIOR TO OR AT YOUR FINAL HEARING.

It is necessary for petitioners and/or their attorneys to complete a Dissolution of Marriage Report and bring to the final hearing or attach to the Final Judgment when filed with the Pinellas County Clerk of the Circuit Court. In accor dance with F.S. 382.023, the Clerk is required to forward reports for any type of dissolution of marriage case to the Office of Vital Statistics.

A **Dissolution of Marriage /Annulment Report** should be completed for each Final Judgment in a Dissolution of Marriage, Simplified Dissolution and Ann ulment case. Upon rece ipt of this form, the Clerk's Office will forward to the Office of Vital Statistics, provided applicable reporting fees have been paid.

Neatly type or handwrite in **black** ink.

Complete all blanks on **Dissolution of Marriage Report** as stat ed below: (numbers correspond to numbers in boxes on report)

- Indicate if Dissolution of Marriage or Annulment of Marri age by placing an X in the appropriate square at top of form.
 - 1 COUNTY Pinellas
 - 2 DATE OF FINAL JUDGMENT (date signed by judge)
 - Ref Number in DOCKET field with Judge Section (Example 04-4407-FD-22)
 - 4 DATE JUDGMENT FILED AND RECORDED (recording date clerk will complete)
 - 5 HUSBAND NAME first, middle, last
 - 6a-d Husband RESIDENCE STATE, COUNTY, CITY and STREET and NUMBE R, if known (Do not use P.O. boxes.)
 - 7a WIFE NAME first, middle, last
 - 7b MAIDEN NAME, if known
 - 8a-d Wife RESIDENCE STAT E, COUNTY, CITY and STREET AND NUMBER, if known (Do not use P.O. boxes.)
 - 9a-b PLACE OF MARRIAGE COUNTY and STATE, if known
 - 9c DATE OF MARRIAGE
 - 10a LIVING CHILDREN TOTAL NUMBER
 - 10b Number of Children UNDER AGE OF 18
 - 11. Indicate who PETITIONER is, type husband or wife
 - 12a ATTORNEY FOR PETITIONER, if any
 - 12b Attorney ADDRESS, Street, City, State, Zip

NOTE: Do not leave any spaces blank—if information is unavailable, type "not stated."

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	UNTY	۸.					DATE OF FINAL JUDGMENT	
1 PINELLAS		LAS	DAOF.		2			
DOCKET VOL.			PAGE				DATE FILED AND RECORDED	
3	HUSBAND NAME First	Middle				Last		
HUSBAND	RESIDENCE STATE		COUNTY	CITY.		CITY, TOWN,	CITY, TOWN, OR LOCATION	
25	6a		6b		6c			
뢰	STREET AND NUMBER							
	6d							
	WIFE NAME First M	/liddle	Last			MAIDEN NAME		
	1						7b	
빞	RESIDENCE STATE	SIDENCE STATE COUNTY		CITY, TOWN,		OR LOCATION		
WIFE	86		8b 8c					
- 1	STREET AND NUMBER							
	8d							
	ACE OF THIS MARRIAGE COUNTY STA		TATE (If not in U.S.A., name country		untry)	DATE OF THIS (Month, Day, Year) MARRIAGE		
		9b			9c			
			DER 18 YEARS PETITIONER Husband AGE		Husband,	Wife, Other (Specify)		
		10b						
ATTORNEY FOR PETITIONER NAME			ADDRES: (Street or				(Street or R.F.D. No., C	ity or Town, State, Zip)
12a				12b				
CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT					BY			
13 KEN BURKE				D.C.				
DH	513, 10/96 (Replaces HRS Form 513 which may be used)							
			Sta	te Of F	lorida	ı		
			Depa	rtment o	of He	alth		

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE